Library of Congress

FOR FIVE DOLLARS

THE MORNING STAR

GOES ONE YEAR.

FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER

Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

THE MORNING STAR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

VOL. LX.—NO. 29. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9.162

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—April 24.

Sun Rises	5.15 A M
Sun Sets	6.42 P M
Day's Length	13 h 27 m
High Water at Southport	2 00 P M
High Water at Wilmington	3 40 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., April 24.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature: 8 a. m., 61°; 8 p. m., 62°; maximum, 73°; minimum, 51°; mean, 62°.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .92.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m., April 23d, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

A trough of low pressure extends from New Mexico northeast to the upper Lakes, with a permanent low area over western Kansas. Rains and thunderstorms have occurred generally under the trough from Kansas northeast, with rain still falling over the Lakes, and light scattered showers during the day over Florida and the west Gulf. Fair, warmer weather prevails over the Southeast under the continued high barometer area. High temperatures prevailed to-day over nearly all sections.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., April 21.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 7.7 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Generally fair; southerly winds.

OUTLINES.

Consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill was completed in the House of Representatives yesterday and the bill went to the conference committee. —— Cyclone in Ohio caused great damage at the village of Delphos, near Cleveland. —— McKinley has decided to nominate W. R. Day, of Ohio, for First Assistant Secretary of State, and Bellamy Storrer, of Cincinnati, Minister to Belgium. —— The B. & O. R. R. Co. will pass the semi-annual dividend on the Washington branch of the system. —— A resolution of sympathy with Greece in her struggle with Turkey was introduced in the House of Representatives. —— Greek warships destroyed an immense store of provisions for the Turkish army at Katrina; the hostile armies in Thessaly were quiet yesterday; Osman Pasha has succeeded Edhem Pasha as commander of the Turkish army in Thessaly; the Greek army in Epirus is advancing northward; a Greek squadron is bombarding Santo Quarranta and doing great damage to the town. —— The situation is regarded at Athens as critical, notwithstanding favorable news from Epirus; Greek troops have been ordered to maintain a strictly defensive attitude. —— *Five hundred and fifty-two Greeks will sail from New York to-day to take part in the struggle against the Turks.* —— Deboe was nominated for U. S. Senator by the Kentucky Legislature last night. —— The Florida Legislature balloted again for United States Senator without an election. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1¼@1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling uplands 7 7-16c; flour was steady, firm and held higher, shutting out buyers; wheat—spot was firmer, with a fair demand; No.2 red nominal; corn—spot firmer, No. 2 30⅝c at elevator and 31⅝c afloat, rosin quiet—strained common to good $1 65; spirits turpentine steady at 30c.

"Free turnpikes" is becoming one of the live issues in Kentucky. Kentucky is never short on issues.

And now the New York Assembly has gone and sat down on the high theatre hat, regardless of pins, &c.

A movement is on foot for a confederation of the Australian colonies. Later on they will snap Great Britain's leading strings and go into business for themselves.

The Norfolk *Landmark* states that some Belgian capitalists are prospecting in that city with a view to erecting a plant for the manufacture and refining of beet sugar.

According to insurance statistics the losses by fire in this country from 1887 to 1896, inclusive, aggregated $2,338,237,911, which cost the insurance companies $1,372,180,302.

The Boston *Globe* trots out a female denizen of that burg aged eighty-two who still uses the spinning wheel. She contracted the habit when young and can't break it.

Five hundred and forty thousand dollars, funds of the Chicago University, are missing, and so is the Treasurer. They disappeared simultaniously, or at least were simultaniously missed.

A New Orleans paper advises the people down there to keep their "heads cool." With the amount of water that is going to waste in that section, we shouldn't think this a very difficult thing to do.

Medical examination recently showed that 25 per cent. of the children in the public schools of Minneapolis, Minn., have defective eyesight. A similar examination in the public schools of New York showed even a greater proportion.

A bill has been introduced in the Kentucky Legislature to brand burglars on the cheek. That's what might be called a cheeky proposition. The next thing, some Solon will propose to brand Dr. Hunter for trying to break into the Senate.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

It is announced that in consequence of Queen Victoria's health, or rather lack of health, she will at the Jubilee parade ride in a closed carriage, and be seated in a rocking chair which will enable her to do her share of the bowing with less fatigue. Now wouldn't it be a good joke if they stuffed a dummy in that chair while the old lady perched herself up in a window and took in the show.

A Brooklyn man, who was a witness in the Sugar Trust investigation case by the Lexow committee, wants Sugar magnate Havemeyer to pay him $10,000 for publicly calling him "a liar." There are lots of Brooklyn men who would take a contract to submit to being called a liar four times a day at that price.

The Alabama Commissioner of Agriculture estimates that the cotton planters of that State will this year spend $2,000,000 for fertilizers, every dollar of which will go out of the State. At 5 cents a pound that will take about 80,000 bales, or the profits, over and above the cost of production, on about 800,000 bales.

St. Louis is a sociable sort of a place. Some of the boys got hold of an agent of the Spanish Government, who was out there buying horses, initated him in the mysteries of the panel game (whatever that is), and got away with $5,000 of his money. Perhaps he can see through the panel now.

When Lieut. Peary goes on his next polar cruise, he says he will take along a lot of Eskimo women, wives of the Eskimoes he intends to engage. This will give a sort of domestic flavor to the business and will add considerably to the gaiety of the pole hunt.

Billy Birch, the famous knight of the cork, who died in New York a few days ago, amassed a handsome fortune but got ambitious to figure on Wall street, went in and got scooped. He died in poverty, he and his wife depending on taking in lodgers in their modest home.

Some unique propositions are made in legislatures these days, but the most barefaced one comes from Iowa, where a solon has introduced a bill requiring every man over twenty-one years old to shave twice a week.

Joseph Richardson, of New York, who is 84 years old, worth $20,000,000, and about to die, if he isn't already dead, was a peculiar man. It is said that he would rather lose $10,000 any day than see his name in the newspapers.

In view of the few murderers in Michigan who suffer the penalty of the law a Grand Rapids editor makes the happy suggestion that murderers be charged $1,000 for the privilege of killing people and let it go at that.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. H. REHDER & Co.—Mattings.
R. R. STONE & Co.—Just opened.
ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK—Solicited

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The STAR is requested to state that the Sunday school of Grace M. E. church will convene to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock instead of at 3.30 as formerly.

— Rev. Dr. Leftwich will, to-morrow afternoon at 4.15 o'clock, at Grace M. E. church, preach a sermon exclusively to men. All men are invited to attend.

— The receipts of cotton at this port for the cotton year up to and including yesterday are 233,972 bales, against 167,152 for the same portion of the last cotton year.

— A telegram from Chief Justice Faircloth received here yesterday afternoon in reference to the Mayoralty case says: "Case can be heard at this term only by consent."

— Goldsboro *Argus*, 22d: "The frost again this morning added to the damage of yesterday morning's frost and freeze, and altogether our truck of all descriptions, and fruit likewise, have suffered greatly—almost if not fully two-thirds."

— Messrs. R. R. Stone & Co., who have recently begun business at No. 7 South Water street, announce that they now have in stock a well selected stock of heavy groceries, to which they invite the attention of buyers. They will also handle naval stores.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Jas. K. Collier has gone to Washington, D. C.

— Mr. Walter Croom, of Burgaw, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. F. D. Ware, of Thomasville, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. W. H. Williams, registering from North Carolina, was here yesterday.

— Mrs. Richard Croom and daughter, of Goldsboro, returned to that city yesterday.

— Mr. Henry Clark Bridgers, of Tarboro, was one of yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Mr. Z. P. Kirby, of Darlington, S. C., was among yesterday's hotel registrations.

— The condition of Mrs. Jno. R. Marshall is slightly improved, but she is not yet out of danger.

— Mr. F. L. Woodruff, of Staunton, Va., has been appointed manager of the Wilmington Telephone Exchange.

— Mr. J. H. Westbrook, the popular Atlantic Coast Line agent at Rocky Point, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. John R. Paddison, formerly of Pender county, but now a leading merchant of Mt. Airy, was a welcome visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Solicitor M. C. Richardson, of Clinton, arrived yesterday. He will be busy to day drawing bills of indictment for the Criminal Court, which convenes here Monday.

— Mr. J. T. Ferguson and family, of Salem, arrived in the city last evening. They will leave to-day for Ocean View, where Mr. Ferguson will be engaged during the Summer.

Another Mayor Disposed Of.

A few minutes before 12 o'clock yesterday morning "Drake," the colored solon who claims to be mayor of this city, was standing in the office of the Register of Deeds, apparently in deep thought. Fitful smiles chased each other over his pertused cheeks, developing now and then into cavernous grins. His celluloid collar seemed to reflect his amiable mood, while his hands and feet in gleeful tatoo played a lively tune. The decision of the Superior Court disposing of the claims of three contestants for the mayoralty had raised his spirits to the point of ebullition.

"Gentlemen," he gravely remarked, drawing himself up as if for a military salute, and bringing down his cane with a snap, "the time has come when I must get hold of my office." "Lawyers say possession is nineteen pints, so here goes."

In the City Hall Mayor Wright was holding court. The end of the docket had just been reached, but court had not yet adjourned. A man approached the mayor. It was "Drake." He carried in one hand a bundle of paper, in the other a walking cane. Taking a position in front of the presiding mayor, he placed his cane on the table, politely removed his hat, and proceeded to harangue his other honor. He had just begun to state his case, however, when he was broskly told by the chief of police to "shut up, and clear out." He firmly declined to do either, and with a sly wink at the chief advised him to keep quiet if he expected to retain his position. He resumed his harangue. His arrest was ordered, and with a policeman on each side he was led to the guard house.

TRUCKING NOTES.

Large Shipments of Strawberries—The Pickers' Strike Called Off

The shipping of strawberries assumed large proportions again yesterday.

The Southern Express Company sent out the first solid express train that has ever left the city. It was composed of six cars carrying 2,000 crates or 64,000 quarts of strawberries. This train was run exclusively for the convenience of berry growers. Unless there was unforeseen delay it reached New York at 4.30 this morning, having left Wilmington at 8.30 yesterday morning.

The C. F. T. Company carried out yesterday three cars of berries consigned to Boston commission merchants. It expects to handle some three or four thousand crates to-day.

The recent cold snap has served to effectually call off the strawberry pickers' strike, by killing the huckleberries. Pickers were depending on these to make up for what they lost by refusing to gather strawberries at one cent per quart. Now the strawberries are the only chance.

Shipments at Mount Olive and Rocky Point were particularly heavy yesterday. Mount Olive truckers loaded one of the nine cars shipped yesterday.

Easter German.

L'Agile Cotillon Club gave their Easter german last night at Germania hall. About forty couples participated in the dance and were led through the figures of the german by Mr. Warren Johnson. Haywood's band furnished the music for the occasion.

The visitors present were Miss Mary Ferebee, of Norfolk, Va.; Miss Bladenburg, of Parkersburg, W. Va.; Mr. Robt. Pegram, of Richmond, Va.; Mr. J. W. Ragsdale, of Timmonsville, S. C.; Mr. Henry Bridgers, of Tarboro, and Mr. W. G. Moore, of Fayetteville.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

THE MAYORALTY CASE.

JUDGE M'IVER RENDERS HIS DECISION

That the Act Amending the City Charter of Wilmington Is Unconstitutional—Mayor Harriss and the Old Board Entitled to Hold Over—Appeal Taken—Views of Counsel.

Upon convening of the Superior Court yesterday Judge McIver rendered his decision in the *quo warranto* proceedings, which was to the effect that section second of the recent act passed by the Legislature amending the city charter was unconstitutional; that no valid election had been held, and consequently W. N. Harriss et al. were entitled to hold over as Mayor and Board of Aldermen. Judge McIver, in rendering his decision, stated that he had given the matter careful consideration.

The counsel for H. McL. Green et al., S. P. Wright et al. and Walker Taylor et al. appealed, which was granted, and the appeal bonds fixed at $25. Before the adjournment of court yesterday afternoon Judge McIver signed the following:

DECREE.

New Hanover—In the Superior Court—State of North Carolina—In relation of W. N. Harriss et al, vs. S. P. Wright, J. T. Norwood, B. F. Keith, A. J. Hewlett, D. J. Benson, H. C. Twining, A. J. Walker and E. M. Green et al.

At a Superior Court held at the Court House in Wilmington, on the 12th day of April, 1897. Present, Hon. J. D. McIver, judge. This action having been tried by the Court, a jury trial having been waived by consent of counsel upon the facts agreed and the facts admitted in the pleadings, and the Court after hearing the argument and considering the facts, being of the opinion that all of section second of the Act of the General Assembly, of North Carolina, being an Act to amend the charter of the city Wilmington, ratified the 5th day of March, 1897, is unconstitutional and that the election for Aldermen of the City of Wilmington held, as set forth in the pleadings, on the 25th day of March, 1897, is invalid. And being of the opinion that the relators, W. N. Harriss, Mayor of said city, and W. C. VonGlahn, Thos. D. Meares, R. W. Hicks, W. H. Northrop, Jr., J. O. Nixon, Thos. J. Gore, and Daniel D. Cameron, together with the defendants W. E. Springer and A. J. Walker were at the time of the election the duly constituted aldermen and mayor of said city, entitled to hold the office until their successors are duly elected and qualified, and are now entitled to said offices; it is now, on motion of George Rountree and Iredell Meares, counsel for the relators, adjudged that the said W. N. Harriss be and is hereby declared Mayor of the city of Wilmington and entitled to the possession of said office, and that the said W. C. VonGlahn, Thos. D. Meares, R. W. Hicks, W. H. Northrop, Jr., J. O. Nixon, Thos. J. Gore and Daniel D. Cameron, together with W. E. Springer, be and are hereby declared the aldermen of the city of Wilmington and entitled to the possession of said offices. It is further ordered and decreed that the defendant S. P. Wright, now holding and claiming the office of Mayor of the said city, be and he is hereby directed to vacate and deliver over the possession of same to the said relator, W. N. Harriss; and that the defendants J. G. Norwood, B. F. Keith, A. J. Hewlett, D. J. Benson, H. C. Twining, Owen Fennell, W. E. Yopp, Elijah M. Green, A. J. Walker and W. E. Springer, now holding and claiming to hold their offices as aldermen by virtue of an alleged election held under the said act, be and are hereby directed to vacate the said offices of aldermen, and to deliver the possession thereof to the said relators, W. C. VonGlahn, Thos. D. Meares, R. W. Hicks, W. H. Northrop, Jr., J. O. Nixon, Thos. J. Gore and Daniel D. Cameron, and the defendants W. E. Springer and A. J. Walker. It is further ordered that each of the parties to this action pay his own costs, to be taxed by the clerk.

JAS. D. MCIVER,
Judge presiding.

The act in question reads as follows:

An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington:

The General Assembly of North Carolina Do Enact:

Section 1. That an act entitled an act to amend the charter of the city of Wilmington, ratified the 9th day of March, A. D. 1895, be and is hereby repealed, and all laws and clauses of laws concerning the city of Wilmington existing at the time of the ratification of said act are hereby declared to be in full force and effect, except so far as they are amended by this act.

Sec. 2. That there shall be elected by the qualified voters in each ward one alderman only, and there shall be appointed by the Governor one alderman for each ward, and the Board of Aldermen thus constituted shall elect a Mayor according to laws declared to be in force by this act.

Sec 3. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. That the present Police Board shall hold office until the election and qualification of the aldermen herein provided for.

Sec. 5. That the Mayor may be impeached by the Board of Aldermen for drunkenness, or for physical or mental inability to perform the duties of his office, and, upon conviction by the Board, shall be removed by the order of the Board; provided, that a majority of the full Board of Aldermen shall be necessary to convict and remove. In case of removal the Board of Aldermen shall fill the vacancy.

Sec. 6. That the Mayor shall be entitled to such fees as Justices of the Peace in criminal actions in addition to the salary paid by the city.

Sec. 7. That the election of aldermen shall be held according to the charter of the city of Wilmington and the acts amendatory thereto, except that the registration books may be open for only ten days previous to the election. In case of failure to hold an election in every ward, the vacancy resulting from such failure shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor.

Sec. 8. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 6th day of March.

OPINIONS OF COUNSEL.

The opinions of prominent attorneys representing different interests as to the effect of Judge McIver's decision, etc., furnished the STAR are as follows:

A. G. Ricaud, Esq., of counsel for S. P. Wright and others, says:

"Judge McIver's decision is to the effect that the act of 1897 is unconstitutional and that the election thereunder was invalid, and gives the offices to the old Mayor and Board of Aldermen. This decision, if sustained by the Supreme Court, will invalidate the act of 1895 creating the Board of Police Commissioners, for if one is unconstitutional, the other is.

"The officers now in possession, being Mayor Wright and his board, will continue to hold the offices until the question is settled by the Supreme Court. The case will not be argued in the Supreme Court until October of this year, unless by consent of all parties.

"The Supreme Court, in my opinion, will reverse Judge McIver and sustain the constitutionality of the act of 1897, thus giving Mayor Wright and his board the offices.

"I notice that *Judge* Fishblate, in an evening paper, decides that Judge McIver will be sustained by the Supreme Court. This establishes the fact that Mr. Fishblate has changed his opinion several times in recent years. His administration in 1879 and again in 1895, having been continued in power by similarly unconstitutional (?) legislation, it follows that only a different opinion on those occasions would have induced him to accept the benefit."

Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Esq., of counsel for H. McL. Green and others:

"The scope and meaning of the decision is that the Legislature of North Carolina has no right either to appoint aldermen for the cities of the State or to delegate the right to the Governor to appoint. The construction placed upon Judge McIver's decision is, that the act of 1897 is constitutional in every respect, except as to the appointment by the Governor of five aldermen. The purpose of the Legislature being still to have a board of ten and not reducing this number, if the act fails in part as to the appointment, it fails also as to the election of five.

"But Judge McIver holds the election in March was invalid, and therefore the old board holds over.

"If Judge McIver is right that the election is invalid, then the present obnoxious police board is continued in office; because the act of 1897 provides that they do continue in office until the next election takes place and the aldermen elected qualify. If Judge McIver is wrong in holding the election of March illegal, and the Supreme Court holds the election valid, then Mr. Green and his board are elected, and the Police Board is extinct.

"Pending the appeal, the Wright (Republican) Board continues in office as at present. A telegram from Chief Justice Faircloth to the counsel fixes Tuesday next for the argument in Supreme Court."

Iredell Meares, Esq., of counsel for Mayor Harriss and the old Board of Aldermen, said:

In answer to questions propounded: (1) Scope and meaning of Judge McIver's decision? (2) What will be the net result if affirmed by the Supreme Court? (3) How will it affect the Police Board? (4) Pending action of the Supreme Court will not present *de facto* Mayor and Board of Aldermen remain as at present? (5) When will the case reach the Supreme Court? I would say:

To the first question: It puts the clients of Mr. Rountree and myself in office.

To the second: They would remain in.

To the third: It will be committed to innocuous desuetude.

To the fourth: Yes, under bond conditioned to pay to Mayor Harriss and his board all damages, if the court decides against them.

To the fifth: By consent of counsel, the case could be heard next week in the Supreme Court. Without it, not until next Fall. All do consent, except counsel for defendant Wright. It is probable the appeals of Green and Taylor will be heard at once, as their counsel desire it, unless the Supreme Court would decline to hear their appeals without all appeals being before them so as to hear the whole question at once.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

A Large Audience—Excellent Presentation of "Gloriana" in Aid of the "Shelter of the Silver Cross."

The well filled house which greeted the performance of "Gloriana" last night attested in the highest degree Wilmington's appreciation of her home talent, and of the noble cause to the sustenance of which the participants so generously accorded their time and talents.

The comedy was a pronounced success from the outset, for so harmoniously did it move and such was the histrionic ability displayed that it would have been difficult for a stranger to discover that the various roles were not taken by professionals.

Mrs. DuBrutz Cutlar, Jr., in the title role, won the hearts of all, and received many enconiums for her superb acting. Mr. Elliott has appeared before a Wilmington audience too often to need any comment. It suffices to say that he took his part "to the life." Miss Cammie Lord and Miss Dena Angel were charming in their respective roles. Mr. Jas. Cowan, as *Peter Spink*, was inimitable, and as usual brought down the house. Mr. Wright, Mr. Robertson, and in fact one and all deserve praise for their interpretations of their various characters.

Not the least enjoyable feature of the evening was the music by the Second Regiment Band orchestra, which delighted the audience with various selections throughout the evening.

Yes, the farce was a decided success, not only from a monetary point of view and the enjoyment of the audience, but it is more far-reaching still in its effects, for when aided by the pecuniary results of last night, that noble band of ladies are enabled again to throw open to the poor and afflicted of Wilmington their seaside "Shelter of the Silver Cross," the blessing of many who thereat find health and strength to take up the burden of life anew, will be the crowning glory of "Gloriana."

Revival at Grace M. E. Church.

Instead of an abatement there seems to be an increase of interest in the revival now going on successfully at Grace M. E. church. Rev. Dr. Leftwich is continually growing upon his hearers and under his plain, earnest, clear cut preaching, large numbers are seeking conversion. The pastors of five or six of our city churches are encouraging it by their attendance and co-operation. The meeting will probably run through another week if not longer.

Rev. R. C. Beaman's appointment for quarterly meeting to-day and to-morrow is at Acorn Branch, near the city.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

ODD FELLOWS' ANNIVERSARY

Celebrated Last Evening With Appropriate Exercises by the Several Lodges of Wilmington.

The 78th anniversary of Odd Fellowship in America was celebrated last night with appropriate exercises at Hanover Lodge Hall. The occasion was a most enjoyable one and there were in attendance large numbers of representatives from the several lodges of Odd Fellows, namely, Cape Fear No. 2, Orion No. 67, Wilmington No. 139, Hanover No. 145, Campbell Encampment No. 1, and Letitia Lodge No. 8, Daughters of Rebekah.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Isaac Northrop, chairman, and the reading of the proclamation by Grand Secretary J. M. McGowan followed. The opening ode sung by the choir was followed by prayer by Rev. J. W. Kramer, after which Mr. H. K. Holden rendered a vocal solo very pleasingly, with organ accompaniment by Mr. E. P. Boatwright.

The address by Rev. A. D. McClure was greatly enjoyed. He said that he was pleased to be surrounded with evergreens as tokens of the eternal principles of the order and to breathe the fragrance of the flowers, especially of the Royal rose, which to his mind was the symbol of the royal principles of the order. He spoke of the links as binding the brethren together and stretching to take in all the order. The order began in London in 1745 with Aristarchu Lodge No. 9. It numbers in America at present 800,000 members and distributed in 1895 for charitable purposes the sum of $3,300 000. The speaker closed with a reference to the all-seeing eye as the most solemn and impressive symbol of the order.

At the conclusion of the address the speaker was presented with a handsome bouquet of flowers, the gift of Letitia Lodge No. 8 Daughters of Rebekah. He responded in a graceful and pleasing manner.

The rest of the programme consisted of a solo by Mr. H. K. Holden, prayer by Rev. J. W. Kramer, closing ode by the order, and benediction by Rev. J. W. Kramer. Refreshments in the form of ice cream and cakes, fruits and confectionaries were then served in the greatest abundance.

The officers of the very interesting occasion were:

Grand Master—M. W. Jacobi.
Deputy Grand Master—W. J. Reaves.
Grand Warden—W. C. Smith.
Grand Secretary—J. M. McGowan.
Grand Treasurer—Wm. Goodman.
Grand Marshal—J. J. Hopkins.
Grand Conductor—Geo. H. Howell.
Grand Guardian—E. F. Johnson.
Grand Herald—J. Sternberger.
Grand Chaplain—J. W. Kramer.

The committee whose efforts made the evening so pleasant for all was composed of Issac Northrop (chairman), J. W. Fleet, M. W. Jacobi, J. O. Powers, H. O. Craig, W. J. Reaves, J. A. Orrell, J. J. Hopkins, D. D. Cameron, T. G. Evans, I. Northrop, J. Sternberger, W. H. Howell.

NEW HANOVER BANK CASE.

Argument as to Liability of the Branch Bank at Wadesboro.

The case of Smith *et al.* vs. Junius Davis, receiver, which was continued from Thursday, came up again yesterday morning after Judge McIver rendered his decision in the mayoralty case. E. S. Martin, Esq., resumed his argument begun on the afternoon preceding. He reviewed the exceptions to the finding of fact and the conclusions of law as set forth in the report of Col. H. C. Jones, referee and made a very strong speech supporting these exceptions.

At 12 o'clock Hon. James A. Lockhart, of Wadesboro, of counsel for Jas. A. Leak, began an able argument lasting for an hour and a quarter before dinner hour and a quarter of an hour after. He contended that the branch bank at Wadesboro was an independent corporation and that its assets could not legally be used in discharging the liabilities of the parent bank. The court adjourned for dinner at 1:15 p. m.

The concluding portion of Mr. Lockhart's address occupied about fifteen minutes after the court convened at 3 o'clock p. m. Judge R. T. Bennett, also of counsel for James A. Leak, then addressed the court. He quoted numerous authorities to sustain his points and enlivened with eloquence and earnestness the otherwise rather tedious details of the case.

The last speech was made by Mr. George Rountree, of counsel for Junius Davis, receiver. He, too, made numerous citations of authorities and followed a clear and cogent line of reasoning. He concluded at 6 o'clock, when His Honor Judge McIver took the matter under consideration until this morning, when he will probably made known his decision.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—8 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 12 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—4 casks spirits turpentine, 147 bbls rosin, 5 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—160 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 31 bbls rosin, 3 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—11 casks spirits turpentine, 173 bbls rosin, 54 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 168 bales; spirits turpentine, 31 casks; rosin, 351 bbls; tar, 74 bbls; crude turpentine, 19 bbls.

Fifth Street M. E. Church.

The Rev. W. L. Cunninggim requests that every member of Fifth Street Methodist church who can possibly do so will be present at the morning services to-morrow. A matter of greatest importance will be brought before the church. Not a collection, but something more important than a collection.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING

WILL SOON BE BROUGHT BEFORE THE GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL.

Stewart Bros. Contract Expires June 1st—Spier Whitaker Very Sick—Governor Russell's Staff—Republican Primaries In Raleigh.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 23.

The Secretary of State is sending out copies of the Revenue and Machinery Act to registers of deeds and other county officials.

The public printers are backward in their work this year. The letting of the public printing will soon be brought up by the Governor's council, as Stewart's contract expires in June. A State official, who is a member of the council, tells me that it is the intention of the council to have the printing done as cheaply as possible. With a view of minimizing this feature of the State government's expenses, the work will be very likely be let by jobs. A majority of the Governor's council is composed of Populists.

Ex-Judge Spier Whitaker is very sick at his home near the city. He was taken suddenly ill yesterday, and has almost lost his voice.

Mrs. Jno. C. Scarborough fell from a stepladder yesterday and sustained very serious injuries.

Capt. Chas. A. Cook, of Warren, is here. There are a number of people who believe that Mr. Cook will be appointed District Attorney of this district, though Oscar Spears does have Senator Pritchard's endorsement. Mr. Cook is a personal friend of President McKinley, and has corresponded with him for many years. Mr. Cook says the frost damaged the persimmon crop in Warren. The persimmon is a valuable product in Warren county.

Gov. Russell's staff will appear in full dress uniform at the reception in honor of the Capital Club which is to be given at the Executive Mansion on the 27th.

Mr. J. B. Kenny, of Raleigh, is added to the list of delegates appointed by the Governor to the Southern Insurance Convention.

The Republican primaries last night elected delegates to the city convention which meets to-night. They also endorsed Mr. E. V. Denton, the candidate of the independents for alderman. In the Third and Fourth wards, the only two wards which the Republicans stand any show of carrying, five of the six nominees for aldermen are saloon keepers.

Raleigh will be well represented at the Grant ceremonies in New York.

One firm in Raleigh sold eight bicycles yesterday. The streets of Raleigh are alive with cyclists every afternoon.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Supreme Court Decision as to Property and Poll Tax Levy of the Last Legislature.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 23.—The Supreme Court decides the property and poll tax levied by the last Legislature unconstitutional, and the law passed by the Legislature of 1895 is still in effect.

The Republican city convention endorsed Frank Stronach for Mayor, and nominated R. N. Wynne (Populist) for tax collector and William Rogers (Republican) for city clerk. Dave Sutton, of Wilmington, was present and spoke.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3 30 p. m. Class meeting from 7.00 to 7.15 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9 30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 7 30 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting at 7.30 in the primary room. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 p. m.. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 00 p. m. Sabbath School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.00 p m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AT MY STABLES 112 and 114 Water street, another car load of good Horses and Mules, and will sell them cheap. I also have a nice lot of all kinds of Harness cheap.

ap 23 3t F. T. MILLS.

Wanted.

A purchaser or lessee for a well established Newspaper. Complete Job Printing outfit attached.
Address LOCK BOX No. 9,
ap 21 1w Wilson, N. C.

JUST OPENED,
WITH FULL AND SELECTED STOCK
of Heavy Groceries,
Which we are going to sell at lowest market prices.
Have just commenced business here and realize that
Low Prices
make the best advertisement. Send us your orders or ask for quotations when needing anything in GROCERIES.
Can handle NAVAL STORES to good advantage.
R. R. STONE & CO.,
ap 24 D&W tf No. 7 South Water St.

A Corner In Lard at The Unlucky Corner.
I bought right, you can get the benefit this week on
Jones' Pure Lard.
YAMS,
Large, Sweet Norton Yam Potatoes
Prices at the Store.
S. W. SANDERS.
ap 20 tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not? Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

REHDER.
617 and 619 North Fourth St.

Window Shades! Mattings!!

Felt Window Shades, Pat. Spring Rollers, 12½c.
Window Shades, Linen Fringe, 25c.
75c Shades, Heavy Knotted Fringe, 48c.
Very Best Scotch Holland Linen Shades, 65c.
Very Good Fancy Matting, Figured, 10c.
Better Quality at 12½ and 15c.
25c Quality Mattings 19c.
Door Mats, only 45c. Bargains in Rugs.
Floor Oil Cloth 25c per yard and upwards.
Hemp Carpet at 13½ and 18c per yard.
Very Good Stair Carpet 25c per yard.
Ingrain Carpets at 25, 39 and 48c per yard.

BEAUTIFUL FIRE SCREENS.

Japanese Goods at 75c up to $3.
Japanese Reed Portierres $1.25.
Curtain Poles, Brass Fixtures, 23c.
Curtain Poles with Wood Trimmings 39c.
White Curtain Poles, Trimmings complete, 48c.
Brass Extension Rods 10 and 15c each.

DOTTED SWISS FOR DRAPERY.

Our Prices 12½, 15 and 19c per yard.

LACE CURTAINS.

3½ Yards Long at 45c.
3 Yards Long, Better Quality, 75c and up.
Drapery Silks 50c per yard, worth 75c.
Beautiful Silkalines 12½c per yard.

TABLE LINENS.

Blue and Red Checked Doilies 25c per dozen.
75c Doilies, Plain, White, Red and Colored Borders, at 48c per dozen.
$1.25 Doilies, Large Size, 98c per dozen.
$2.00 Table Napkins $1.48 per dozen.
Turkey Red Table Cloth 18c per yard.
25c Quality, our price 23c.
75c Grade, four styles, only 49c per yard.
Best Quality Table Oil Cloth 18c per yard.
Many other Bargains in our

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Shoes, Slippers, Clothing, Hats, Notions and Fancy Goods at

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
Near Fourth Street Bridge.
Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchase of $2 and up. ap 24 tf

TO THE
Southern Baptist Convention
AT
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
MAY 5th to 14th, 1897.
THE
Seaboard Air Line
OFFERS THE
Best Service! Quickest Routes!
AND A
HALF RATE.

In addition to the regular Superb Double Daily Service, it is proposed to run
Three "Baptist Special Trains"
FROM
Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia,
Making immediate connections with trains from all points
North, South East and West.

For special printed matter, maps, time-tables, rates, tickets, sleepers and all information, address or call on
R. A. NEWLAND, Agt. Pass'r Dept.
6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
OR
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
Portsmouth, Va.
mar 16 tf

Best Quality Only
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
Flour, Sugar, Molasses,
SALT MEAT, LARD,
Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, Lime, Cement
Nails, Rivets, Hoop Iron, Snuff, Lye, Soap, Tobacco, Cigars, Cakes, Crackers.
Lowest cash prices.
WORTH & WORTH.
ap 9 tf

Notice
IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE THIS day sold out my entire interest in the Cigar and Tobacco business of J. R. Smith. All accounts due said firm will be paid to said J. R. Smith, and all accounts due by said firm are to be paid by J. R. Smith. This March 29th, 1897.
apr 4 till my 1 WILLARD SMITH.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1897

THEY ARE PLAYING FOOL.

The Boston *Herald*, commenting on the statement that more votes from the South were cast in the House for the Dingly bill than were ever before given in that body for a professedly protective tariff, says: "We doubt if Southern feeling has essentially changed toward the tariffs, and such a change as is claimed for it does not augur well for the interests of New England." The fact that there were more protection votes from the South than ever before, is simply another way of saying that there are more Republican and Populist Representatives than ever before, at least since the days of reconstruction, when the Republican party was pretty well represented. The Republicans from the South are protectionists simply because their party is, that is all, and some of the Populists are because they were elected with the aid of Republican votes and feel under obligations to support at least some Republican measures, when they do not absolutely conflict with the declared "principles" of their own party. These votes signify nothing as far as the feeling of the Southern people goes, because they do not represent the Southern people. To this extent the Boston paper is right in doubting that the Southern sentiment is essentially changed on that subject.

It is unnecessary to deny that there has been some increase of the protection sentiment in the South, for here as elsewhere certain interests seek protection because they think it would put money in their purses. Southern men are as human as other folks, and when the grab bag is held before them they all can't resist the temptation to thrust their arms in and grab what they can. They see others doing it and profiting by it, and they conclude that they may as well take a grab while the bag is going around and not let the grabbers from other sections get all there is in it, while they have to contribute to fill the bag. Being human, and grab being the order of the day, we do not think they can be blamed much. It simply shows that they have been caught in the current of protective tariff demoralization and been carried along by it. The sugar cane grower wants protection on his sugar, the rice grower wants protection on his rice, the sea-island cotton grower wants protection on his cotton, the peanut grower wants protection on his peanuts, the lumberman wants protection on his lumber, and so on. That's one of the ways they take for evening up on the tribute they have to pay to give certain industries of other sections protection; but generally speaking the Southern people as a whole are opposed to the protective tariff principle, if it can be called a principle, and as strongly opposed to it now as they ever were.

If we were in the Congress of the United States we should oppose the protective tariff on principle, and then as a matter of business from a sectional standpoint, and if opposition were unavailing then we should go for all the protection we could get, not as a matter of principle but purely as a matter of business. If the products of Northern industries, which are used and paid for by the people of the South, are to be protected and the people of the South pay tribute on them, then we should insist that the products of Southern industries, which the people of the North use and pay for, should not be left out in the cold. We would insist on getting some of the benefits while we had to bear our portion, or more than our portion, of the burden of taxation. And this purely from a business standpoint, a grab standpoint if you will, while protesting against the injustice and iniquity of the whole grab system as a matter of principle and of public morality.

Perhaps this is the view that some of the Southern Representatives who voted for the Dingley bill took of it, and therefore supported this legalized robbery in self-defence, to get back some of the plunder by getting a chance to do some of the plundering. If not, then they are simply playing the fool, for every vote they give to the protective system with a view to making it more protective or more permanent, is an obstacle put in the way of the South's progress and industrial supremacy.

We could hardly expect a Southern Republican Congressman who claimed to be a party man to vote against a tariff which his party endorsed, but if he was as level-headed as he should be and thought more of his section than he does of his party, then he would vote every time against a protective tariff, no matter in what shape it might be presented, or whether it took in the product of Southern industries or not. Protection to sugar, rice, long-fiber cotton, peanuts, mica, or anything else, should not stand between him and an emphatic, persistent and uncompromising No.

Why? Simply because the competitors of Southern industries present and prospective are not in other countries, but in this country, in the New England and Middle States. They profess to be afraid of foreign competition, and declare that protection is necessary to enable them to hold their own against that. This is a confession of weakness, either real or pretended. Southern industries do not need protection from foreign competition, they do not ask it; they are able and willing to take their chances in competition with the world. The only competitors that they really have to contend against are the rivals in the North who are imploring Congress for more protection to enable them to hold their own, not so much against foreign competition as against Southern industries which are proving much more formidable, and of which they stand in much more awe. The more protection they get the bigger price they will get for their goods, the greater their profits and the better able they will be to compete with Southern goods. The Southern Representative who by his vote contributes to this end, simply throws obstacles in the way of Southern progress and plays the fool, while he poses as a statesman.

MINOR MENTION.

A short while ago the Populist Senators and Representatives in Congress issued an address defining their position on the tariff question, in which it was stated that when the tariff bill came to a vote they might desist from voting, and thus refrain from committing themselves as to the necessity or non-necessity of the tariff legislation proposed as a means of bettering the condition of the country. They will when it comes to considering special features in which their constituents are interested pursue such course as to them may seem best under the circumstances. As bearing upon this and the probable action of the Populists in Congress and the reasons for such action, the Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* writes as follows:

"Doubts have been expressed in some quarters of late whether the bitter contest over the duties on wool and over the imposition of a duty on hides might not defeat the passage of the tariff bill in the Senate. There is little reason for fear of this sort. The ranks of the Populist Senators include several strong protectionists who will vote for the bill. Their protectionist sentiments, however, will not be the controlling reason for permitting the bill to become law. They have made up their minds that the best way to promote the cause of free silver coinage and Government paper money is to permit the Republican party to carry out its fiscal policy without serious obstruction. Their theory in the matter is that this policy will fail to restore business prosperity and that the country will then experience a great revulsion of feeling in favor of their policies. The Senate, with two vacancies now existing, contains 42 Republicans and 46 of all other parties. Eleven of the latter are Populists of Silver Republicans. If they withhold their votes when the tariff bill is voted upon it will pass by a vote of 42 to 35. This is just the policy which has been mapped out by their leaders. Several of their votes are likely to be cast directly for the bill, and certainly will be cast for it if it appears that they are needed. They are determined that the bill shall not fail through lack of the necessary votes to pass it through the Senate. Several of them who are strong protectionists are asking for certain concessions upon wool, hides, lead ore and some other articles. Their votes will not be lost to the bill, even if these demands are refused. They mean that the policy of high protection shall be put to the test, and their expectation is that it will fail. The result of the failure they believe, will not be to strengthen the demand free trade so much as for experiment with the finances."

If they are simply playing this thing for politics, regardless of the burdens this tariff imposes upon the people, this is a business view to take of it and is substantially the same view that some of the Democratic Congressmen are taking who let this bill go through the House without a fight, acting upon the principle that the worse and more oppressive the law is the more odious it will become and the sooner and the greater the reaction against the Republican party. This may be so, but still it is the duty of men who are sent to Congress to represent the people to represent them and guard their interests as faithfully as they would guard their own. The public interests should not be subordinated to political considerations.

***

There are propositions before several States to impose inheritance taxes. The House of Representatives of Pennsylvania passed a bill for this purpose last Monday, on which the Philadelphia *North American*, a Republican paper, comments as follows:

"The House at Harrisburg passed finally on Monday the Elkin bill taxing direct inheritances over $5,000 by a vote of 104 to 43. No better or more effective or more equitable or less burdensome way of raising revenue could be devised than that provided by this bill, and it is most desirable that the Senate concur in the measure. The exemption of estates of $5,000 or under relieves the small inheritors from the proposed tax, and for the rest the tax will be no greater than beneficiaries under the wills of decedents can well afford to pay. As the *North American* pointed out when this measure was first introduced, the right of relatives of deceased persons to inherit money left by decedents is not a natural right, but one created by the law, and it is only just and proper that those who benefit by this provision should contribute in fair measure toward the revenues of the State. The bill has reason and justice to recommend it, and it should be enacted into law."

This is all right, and we commend it, especially as coming from a Republican paper; but we would like to ask in what respect it essentially differs from the income tax provision of the Wilson tariff bill, which the Republican organs fought so hard and which was finally declared unconstitutional because it did the very thing which this Pennsylvania bill does—that is drew a line between those who should and should not pay the tax? This, according to four Judges of the Supreme Court, one of whom changed his mind, constituted an unconstitutional discrimination, which made the act null and void. If the inheritance tax is a good thing for the State of Pennsylvania, and if the drawing the line so as to exempt inheritances less than $5,000 so that the tax would fall only on those who would be well able to bear them was the proper thing to do, why was not the income tax a good thing for the United States and the $4,000 exemption also proper, thus leaving the tax to be borne by those who were best able to bear it? If that income tax law had been passed by a Republican Congress, the probabilities are that the Republican organs would have pronounced it all right.

Out of 3,918 children, medically examined in the primary schools of New York city last week, 258 were found to have contagious diseases and were sent home. Among these were several cases of diphtheria, several of measles, one of scarlet fever, thirty-one with contagious eye diseases. There were a number of other diseases, more or less dangerous, embracing a dozen or so in all.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Give her air! Give her air!"

"What's the matter? Has a woman fainted?"

"No: her bicycle tire has flattened."—*Philadelphia North American.*

— Billy (triumphantly)—"When I gets er man I'm goin' ter hev all of pa's farm en piles of money, there now."

Jimmie—"Aw, thet's nothin'. I'll be er bunco steerer in ther city en git yer money ez fast as yer makes it."

— "You say you have brought me here to propose to me, but why do you want to go through with it so deliberately?"

"Well, you see, I've got a friend in the kinetoscope line over there behind that tree, and I promised him to make the movements slow and distinct. Now, all ready!"—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Watts—"Don't you think that the man who knows when to stop talking is about as wise as they get?" Potts—"About, but not quite. The greatest brain is in the possession of the man who knows when not to begin."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Ha, ha!" laughed Swayback, who had seen Mr. Bizzyman dispose of a nuisance by sending him on an errand "Ha, ha! Good way to dispose of bores! Make 'em do something!" "Yes; it works well," replied Bizzyman. "By the way, I wish you'd drop this letter in the box on the corner as you go home!"—*Detroit Free Press*

— "Has Mr. Hustleton done anything to distinguish himself since he received his appointment?"

"Certainly not. It may take him six months or a year to get thoroughly rested after his exertions to get the place."—*Wash. Star.*

— "The fact that I was a good musician," said the lady from Johnstown, "was the means of saving my life during the flood in our town a few years ago."

"How was that?" asked the young lady who sang.

"When the water struck our house my husband got on the folding bed and floated down the stream until he was rescued."

"And what did you do?"

"Well, I accompanied him upon the piano."—*N. Y. Journal.*

— His Misfortunes: Mulligan—came in to tell yez, Mrs O'Flynn, about your Dinnis. It's a sad thing that's just happened to him, so it is.

Mrs. O'Flynn—Oh, worra, worra, and phat is it, Misther Mulligan?

Mulligan—It's a little off he is, Mrs. O'Flynn.

Mrs. O'Flynn—A little off? And has Dinnis losht his moind?

Mulligan—No, Mrs. O'Flynn, it's only wan arum, what got ketched bechune th' bumpers.—*Cleveland Leader.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS

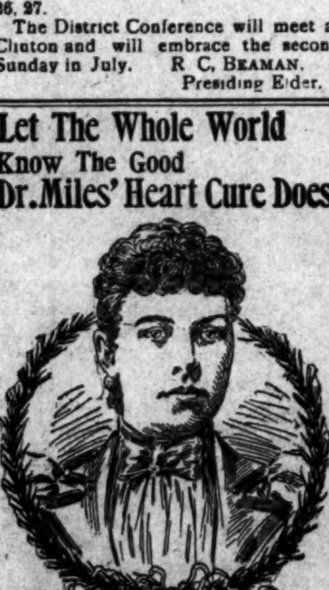
For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

Scott's Hill, at Acorn Branch, April 24, 25.
Market Street, at night, April 25.
Clinton, at Browning's, May 1, 2.
Burgaw, at Herring's Chapel, May 8, 9.
Brunswick, at New Hope, May 14]
Grace church, May 16.
Bladen Street, at night, May 19.
Fifth Street, May 23.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 27, 28.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Richlands, May 29, 30.
Columbus, June 4.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6.
Waccamaw, June 8.
Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.
Magnolia, June 12, 13.
Bladen, June 19, 20.
Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July.

R. C. BEAMAN,
Presiding Elder.

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does



HEART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient becomes alarmed and a nervous panic takes place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Wineinger, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes; "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpitation, pain in my left side, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects, I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded. Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 ly   su tu th   [Change.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Nashville *Optic*: We fear the fruit crop has been cut off entirely by the recent heavy frosts. In many instances the farmers state that the buds have been killed and they look for no fruit from their orchards.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth*: Mr. Alex. Strickland plowed up a nest of young rabbits a few days ago and took them to the house as a feast for the cat. But the cat took the little rabbits into her nest of kittens and is caring for little rabbits and little kittens alike.

— Weldon *News*: John Lane, a negro tramp, in attempting to board a through freight train, was run over and killed at Enfield Wednesday night of last week. He was badly mangled. Both legs were cut off and his head was severed from the body.

— Wadesboro *Messenger*: Mr Dorsey Gaddy died at his home in Lilesville township Tuesday afternoon. He was about 83 years old and on the morning of the day on which he died was in his usual health, he having worked in the field a considerable part of the day. His death was due to a congestive chill.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: A young white man named Moore was on trial before a magistrate at Aurelian Springs Saturday on a warrant sworn out by Miss Crowley. While the trial was progressing the young woman drew a pistol from her pocket and fired point blank at Moore's head. The ball took effect in the scalp and passed around under the skin and came out about three inches from where it entered. Miss Crawley was in the act of shooting again, when some one wrested the pistol from her hands. It appears that the couple were engaged and young Moore did not appear to be in a hurry to have the marriage ceremony performed and wanted to be released. The young woman had nerve and had him arrested, and then losing control of her feelings during the trial attempted to take his life, as stated.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: Charles Whitaker and Joseph Neal, two colored boys, not over 11 or 12 years old, got into a quarrel over a compost heap about a mile from Battleboro Sunday morning while all the other folks about the place had gone to church. It is supposed the Neal boy called Whitaker a d—— l——. During the quarrel both boys went to the house, and Whitaker took a gun and shot Neal in the neck, resulting in his death. After Whitaker had killed Neal he carried the body to a reed marsh about 150 yards away and hid it. It appears that he went back to the house and attempted to wash up the blood stains on the floor. When the dead boy was missed Whitaker claimed that he didn't know anything about him. Monday morning some neighbors who had heard the report of a gun Sunday went to the house to make a search for the missing boy. Blood stains were discovered on the floor and a closer search revealed a trail of blood leading to where the body had been carried. In the meantime the young murderer had skipped, but was caught later on at Whitakers. He acknowledged doing the deed and when asked why he did it said he didn't allow anyone to call him a d—— l——.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The valued Cleveland Leader need not worry over the report that Gov. Bushnell will be a candidate for the Sentae. Bushnell is not going to attempt to cross any more political tracks without first stopping to look out for the Hanna locomotive.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Chairman Dingley figures on an increase of revenue from woolen goods to the amount of $14,000,000 the first year, although the bill is framed especially to shut out woolen goods. Mr. Dingley will find that a bill which shut out imports does not increase revenues.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— In a conservative estimate it is stated that the New Yorkers spent $1,000,000 for flowers in preparing for Easter Sunday, $400,000 of this amount being spent for Easter lilies alone. Twenty-five years ago the entire floral business of the country amounted to only about $500,000 annually. There is one industry at least which has made remarkable strides without the aid of McKinleyism or Dingleyism.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— The perfectly monstrous rates on wool, in the Dingley bill as it went to the Senate, are not enough to satisfy the political sheep ranchers of the Northwest, and they demand more. The average rate on wool in the act of 1883, was 41.77 per cent.; McKinley bill 50.13 per cent.; Dingley bill, as it stands, about 65 per cent., and Lawrence & Co. want this raised to anywhere toward 100 per cent., the nearer that height the better it will please them. Of course more piled on wool will necessitate an equal compensatory raise of the duty on woollens; and we want to see it put on, all round. The people seem to need a heroic does of it, to work a final cure. Let us have it, and the quicker the better, for it will be the sooner reformed to stay reformed.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Insuperable Difficulty.

"What became of your women's debating club?"

"We had to disband. We couldn't find a girl who would act as chairman and keep still while the rest of us talked."—Philadelphia North American.

Presence of Mind In Chicago.

"Rose's marriage is off."

"How embarrassing! Her wedding invitations were out."

"Yes, but she just called them in and made it a 5 o'clock tea."—Chicago Record

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact. †

ANDRE'S MONUMENT.

Vandals Have Chipped His Memorial In Westminster Abbey.

Near the center of the south wall of the nave is a monument to Major Andre of Revolutionary note. The very long inscription upon it begins, "Sacred to the memory of Major John Andre, who, raised by his merit, at an early period of life, to the rank of adjutant general of the British forces in America, and employed in an important but hazardous enterprise, fell a sacrifice to his zeal for his king and country, on the 2d of October, 1780, aged 29, universally beloved and esteemed by the army in which he served and lamented even by his foes."

About the base of the monument, which is a panel set against the wall, are several small figures. These project from the panel, and represent the presentation of Major Andre's letter to General Washington on the night before his execution. The ease with which the heads of these figures could be broken off has been too great a temptation to relic hunters, and most of the heads have been knocked off and stolen. That such vandalism is not wholly modern is shown from the fact that Charles Lamb writes of the defacing of this very monument in this way in his "Essays of Elia." Southey, the poet, when a boy, was a pupil at the Westminster school. Later in life he was exceedingly sensitive in regard to his political principles, and for a time a serious quarrel existed between himself and Lamb, because the latter, speaking in regard to this injury to Andre's monument, described it as the "wanton mischief of some schoolboy, fired perhaps with raw notions of transatlantic freedom." Then, addressing Southey, he added, "The mischief was done about the time that you were a scholar there. Do you know anything about the unfortunate relic?"

There is now fastened upon the wall of the nave, above the monument, a wreath of oak leaves which Dean Stanley, when he visited America, gathered near the spot on the bank of the Hudson river where Andre was executed. Although Andre died in 1780, it was not until 1821 that, at the request of the Duke of York, his bones were exhumed and taken to England to be buried in the abbey. The box in which they were placed for the voyage is still preserved in the oratory over St. Islip's chapel, where the wax figures are kept.—Max Bennett Thrasher in St. Nicholas.

Animals' Illusions.

Birds are perhaps more commonly the victims of illusions than other animals, their stupidity about their eggs being quite remarkable. Last year, for instance, a hen got into the pavilion of a ladies' golf club and began to sit on a golf ball in a corner, for which it made a nest with a couple of pocket handkerchiefs. But many quadrupeds are not only deceived for the moment by reflections, shadows and such unrealities, but often seem victims to illusions largely developed by the imagination.

The horse, for instance, is one of the bravest of animals when face to face with dangers which it can understand, such as the charge of an elephant or a wild boar at bay. Yet the courageous and devoted horse, so steadfast against the dangers he knows, is a prey to a hundred terrors of the imagination due to illusions, mainly those of sight, for shying, the minor effect of these illusions, and "bolting," in which panic gains complete possession of his soul, are caused, as a rule, by mistakes as to what the horse sees, and not by misinterpretation of what he hears. It is noticed, for instance, that many horses which shy usually start away from objects on one side more frequently than from objects on the other. This is probably due to defects in the vision of one or other eye.

In nearly all cases of shying the horse takes fright at some unfamiliar object, though this is commonly quite harmless, such as a wheelbarrow upside down, a freshly felled log or a piece of paper rolling before the wind. This instantly becomes an illusion, is interpreted as something else, and it is a curious question in equine neuropathy to know what it is that the horse figures these harmless objects to be. When Russian ponies first began to be shipped to Harwich, they usually objected to pass near a donkey. This reluctance was explained on the hypothesis that the ponies seldom saw donkeys in Russia and mistook them for bears.—London Spectator.

The Corpulent Bourbons.

Where does the Duc d'Orleans get his fat? From the Spanish and Neapolitan Bourbons, of whom he is unquestionably a descendant, even though Louis Philippe were a Chiappini. I cannot think of any French Bourbons, except Louis XVI, his sister Clotilde and Philippe Egalite's father and the Comte de Chambord and his sister, who were very fat. The two latter were, however, descended from the Neapolitan and Spanish Bourbons. Obesity has been an oft recurring malady of the Spanish royal family ever since Elizabeth Farnese married Philip V. She was the heiress of the fattest Italian that probably ever lived. He was a prince for a Barnum show whose legs had to be propped up by buckram and whalebone cases to prevent them overlapping his feet. Fatty degeneration impaired the usefulness of Charles III of Spain and destroyed the activity of the late Queen Christina, grandmother of the Comtesse de Paris. Queen Isabella strongly inherits the family failing. The Comtesse de Paris makes a brave fight against the hereditary diathesis by Bantingizing at Marienbad and on the Aubergne moors, where she tires out all her gamekeepers.—London Truth.

Cause and Effect.

"Did I hear that your mule was struck by lightning, Eph?"

"Yaas, sah; dar was a powahful bolt hit de mule right ahind his eahs."

"Did it kill him?"

"No, sah; but it done broke up de sto'm."—Detroit Free Press.

A Questionable Compliment.

Charley Chumpleigh—Ah, Miss Nightingale, that "Winter Song" was charming. It carried me back to the days of my childhood.

Miss Nightingale—I am so glad you like it.

Charley Chumpleigh—Why, I could actually hear the cattle bellowing, the old windmill creaking and the discordant winds howling about the door.—Washington Times.

The cords of window blinds are good barometers. When they become tight, the reason is found in the fact that the air is moist, the cords have absorbed some of the moisture, and so are drawn taut. When they are slack, the air is dry and the tension of the cords is relaxed.

There Is Nothing So Good.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest and Lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.



"Out of sight"

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

The Sampson Democrat.

Published Every Thursday.

L. A. BETHUNE, Editor and Prop'r

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

One Year $1; Six Months 50c

It pays business men to advertise in it. Rates and sample copies furnished upon application.

Address

The Sampson Democrat,

feb 16 tf   CLINTON, N. C.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb		@	5½
Shoulders ℔ lb	4¾	@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	38	@	42½
Virginia Meal	38	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	12	@	13½
Dairy, Cream	14	@	14½
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	9	@	15
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	4 00
Choice		@	4 50
Straight	4 60	@	5 00
First Patent		@	5 75
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—lb bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	42½
Car load, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	43½	@	45
Cow Peas	85	@	90
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	15
Dry		@	18
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	75	@	80
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb		@	3
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	29
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	15	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 80	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	9 00
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American		@	60
On 125 lb Sacks	40	@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	[illegible]
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	4	@	[illegible]
C. Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb	4	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 26¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 25¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market dull at $1 20 per bbl, for Strained and $1 35 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet: $1.20 per barrel for Hard, $1.70 and 1.90 for Soft.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 25¾ 25c; rosin firm, $1 45, 1 50; tar steady, 90c; crude turpentine steady, $1 30, 1 70, 1 90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	31
Rosin	351
Tar	74
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year—140 casks spirits turpentine, 40 bbls rosin, 86 bbls tar, 21 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4⅝	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6	" "
Low Middling	6⅝	" "
Middling	7	" "
Good Middling	7 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅝c

Receipts—163 bales; same day last year, 120.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 60c; Fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 42½@45 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch; $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended April 23, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
758	270	2,489	547	105

RECEIPTS.

For week ended April 24, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
1,091	373	1,996	299	71

EXPORTS.

For week ended April 23, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	408	255	299	1,343	5
Foreign	000	000	4,040	000	0
	408	255	4,339	1,343	5

EXPORTS.

For week ended April 24, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	700	597	113	1,670	46
Foreign	000	000	7,289	0.0	00
	700	597	7,402	1,670	46

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, April 23, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	5,643	105	5,748
Spirits	128	89	217
Rosin	18,106	2,444	20,550
Tar	3,405	550	3,955
Crude	378	000	378

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, April 24, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
5,057	1,111	35,017	12,647	880

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 23—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 488@488¼ for demand; 486¼@486½ for sixty days. Posted rates 487@487½ and 488½@489. Commercial bills 485½. Silver certificates—no report. Government bonds firm; fives, registered, 112¾@113¼; fives, coupon, 114; fours registered, 111@111¼, fours, coupon, 112¼@112¾; twos, registered; 96½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 127; North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Rosin quiet strained common to good $1 65. Spirits turpentine steady 30c.

CHARLESTON, April 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c; sales—none. Rosin was firm, sales—none: B, C, D, $1 30. E $1 35, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 55, I $1 65. K $1 70, M $1 75, N $2 05, W G $2 15, W W $2 25.

SAVANNAH, April 23.—Spirits turpentine opened at 25¾c, with sales of 860 casks, and closed firm at 26c with further sales 692 casks; receipts 510 casks. Rosin closed firm; sales 3,000 barrels; receipts 1,583 barrels; closing quotations: A $1 35, B $1 35, C $1 35, D $1 35, E $1 40, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 70 @1 75, K $1 75@1 80, M $1 80@1 85, N $2 15, W G $2 30, W W $2 45.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 23.—From start to finish the cotton market was a disappointment to-day. Opening steady, with near months 1 point higher and later months unchanged to 2 points lower, the market ruled quiet and quite featureless throughout the session. Following the first call there was an advance of 3 to 4 points on covering by local traders who took alarm on account of the continued strength of spot cotton as compared with futures and on reported active demand from American spinners and from exporters in Southern markets as well as New York. Later, however, the market turned easier in the absence of outside speculative support and for the rest of the session showed a rather weak undertone. Selling was checked, however, by continued conflicting reports from the inundated districts. The closing was quiet at a net advance of 3 points to a net decline of 1 point.

The following are the total net receipts of cotton all ports since September 1st. 1896:

Galveston 1,330,717; New Orleans 1,983,456; Mobile 284,425; Savannah 818,087; Charleston 387,983; Wilmington 235,181; Norfolk 634,903; Baltimore 56,851; New York 106,142; Boston 149,489; Newport News, Va., 9,381; Philadelphia 39,148; West Point, Va., 50; Brunswick 117,460; Texas City 51,137; Pensacola 64,878; Port Royal 65 873. Total 6 390,120.

NEW YORK, April 23—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 7 7-16.

Cotton futures opened steady, with sales 3 500 bales: January 6 88, February 6 91, April —, May 7 09, June 7 13, July 7 18, August 7 19, September 6 95, October 6 80, November 6 80, December 6 83.

Futures market closed quiet, with sales of 79,500 bales: Jan'y 6 88, Feb'y 6 92 April 7 07, May 7 07, June 7 12, July 7 16 August 7 18, September 6 96, October 6 81, November 6 81, December 6 85.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 7 7-16c; middling gulf 7 11-16c; sales 384 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 8 093 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 2,181 bales; forwarded 1,066 bales; sales —— bales; sales to spinners 384 bales; stock (actual) 211,765 bales.

Weekly net receipts 938 bales; gross 15,120 bales; exports to Great Britain 8 210 bales; to France 1,515 bales; to the Continent 12,521 bales; forwarded 5,578 bales; sales 8 217 bales; sales to spinners 4,474 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 10,531 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,455 bales; to France 1,435 bales; to the Continent 10,210 bales; stock 580,348 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 48,071 bales; exports to Great Britain 50,349 bales; to France 29,089 bales; to the Continent 50,292 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,390,120 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,332,669 bales; exports to France 644,605 bales; exports to the Continent 1,848,934 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales.

April 23.—Galveston, firm at 7 1-17, net receipts 610 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7¼, net receipts 58 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7¾, net receipts 830 bales; Boston, steady at 7 7-16, net receipts 89 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7, net receipts 368 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 7 7-16, net receipts 331 bales; Savannah, steady at 7 1-16 net receipts 733 bales; New Orleans, firm at 7¼ net receipts 1,289 bales; Mobile, steady at 7, net receipts 321 bales; Memphis, at 7¼ net receipts 227 bales; Augusta, steady at 7⅜, net receipts 448 bales; Charleston, firm at 7, net receipts 720 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, April 23—Evening—Flour was steady, firm and held higher, shutting out buyers. Wheat—Spot was firmer, with a fair demand; No. 2 red nominal; No. 3 hard winter 81c afloat; options opened strong on bad crop news and covering; was hammered down by the bears, but recovered and was strong on account of export business, bullish Kansas crop reports and war news, closing at 1¼@1⅜c net advance; No. 2 red April closed at 83c; May 80@81⅝c, closed at 81⅜c. Corn—Spot firmer; No. 2 30⅝c at elevator and 31⅜c afloat; options opened steady and advanced later on wet weather and the rise in wheat, ⅛c net higher; April closed at 30⅛c; May 29⅞@30c, closed at 30c. Oats—Spot quiet and steady; No. 2 23c; No. 3 22c; No. 2 delivered 24c; No. 2 white 25⅛c; options dull but firmer on export demand, closing ⅛c higher; May closed at 23⅛c. Lard quiet and steady; Western steam $4 37½; May $4 45, nominal; refined dull; Continent $4 65; South American $5 05; compound $4 00@4 25. Pork firm; family $9 75@10 50. Butter was steady; Western creamery 11@17c; do. factory 8@11½c, Elgins 17c, imitation creamery 10@14½c; State dairy 13@16c; do. creamery 13@17c. Cheese quiet; State large 9@12c; small fancy 9@12½c; part skims 4@8½c; full skims 2½@3c. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 9¾@10c; Western fresh 9¾@10c; Southern 8¾@9c. Tallow weak; city 3⅛@3 3-16c; country 3⅛@3 5-16c, cotton seed oil firm. Petroleum dull. Rice steady. Molasses firm. Spot Coffee—Rio weak; No. 7 invoice 7⅜c; No. 7 jobbing 8c; mild quiet; Cordova 12⅜@14c; sales 2,000 bags Rio No. 7 spot at 7⅜c. Sugar—raw nominal; fair refining 2 13-16c; centrifugal 96 test 3¼c; sales later in the day of 3,600 bags centrifugal, 96 test, 3¼c; refined steady.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Wheat was again very feverish and unsettled to-day. The majority of traders were on the bull side, however, and who ped things up to such good effect that the market closed about 1½c higher. Bad crop reports, war news and cash business were features marking sudden violent fluctuations. All other markets borrowed more or less strength from wheat, corn and oats advancing about ⅛c each and provisions 2½@5c.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Cash quotations. Wheat—No. 2 spring 74⅝@76c; No. 2 red 90⅝@94c. Corn—No. 2, 24⅝@24¾c. Oats—No. 2 17⅛c; No. 2 white free on board 22c; No. 3 white free on board 20@22½c. Mess pork, per barrel $8 50@8 55. Lard, per 100 lbs $4 15. Short rib sides, loose, $4 65@4 85. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 25@5 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 78@5 00. Whiskey $1 19.

The leading futures ranged as follows: opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—April 74⅛@74¼, 75¼, 7 74⅞@75c; May 74⅛@74¼, 75⅛, 7 74⅞@75c. July 73@73⅜, 74⅜, 7 74⅜c; September 70⅛@70⅛, 71⅛, 6 71c. Corn—April 24⅜, 24⅜, 24⅛, 24 May 24⅜, 24⅜, 24⅛, 24⅝c; July 25⅜, 26⅛, 25⅛@25⅜, 25⅜@26c; September 27, 27⅜, 26⅞, 27⅛c. Oats—No. 2 May 17⅛, 17⅝, 17⅛@17⅛, 17⅛c; July 18⅛, 18⅝@18⅞, 18⅞, 18⅞c; September 19, 19⅛, 19, 19⅛c. Mess pork—May $8 47½, 8 55, 8 47½, 8 52½c; July $8 55, 8 65, 8 55, 8 62½. Lard—May $4 12½, 4 15, 4 12½, 4 15. July $4 22½, 4 25, 4 22½, 4 25; September $4 32½, 4 35, 4 32½, 4 35. Short ribs—May $4 70, 4 72½, 4 70, 4 72½; July $4 75, 4 77½, 4 75, 4 77½; September $4 80, 4 82½, 4 80, 4 82½.

BALTIMORE, April 23.—Flour quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat dull; spot, month and May 81@81½c; Southern by sample 80@83c. Corn firm; spot 28¼@28⅜c; month 28⅜@28⅝c; May 28⅝@28¾c; Southern white 31c; do yellow 30c. Oats firm; No. 2, 25@26c; No. 2 mixed 23½c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, April 23.—4 P. M.—Cotton, spot, fair demand and prices hardening. American middling 4⅛d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and including 9,800 American. Receipts 400 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened and closed quiet at the advance, with demand moderate American middling (l m c): April 4 4 64d value; April and May 4 3-64@3 4 64d seller; May and June 4 2-64@4 3 64d buyer; June and July 4 2-64d seller July and August 4 1-64d buyer; August and September 3 62-64@3 63-64d value; September and October 3 56 64d buyer; October and November 3 50-64d buyer; November and December 3 48 64d value; December and January 3 47 64d seller; January and February 3 47-64d seller.

Tenders none.

LIVERPOOL, April 23.—The following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of the week 34,000 bales, American 29,000; English spinners taking 55,000; actual imports 6,000; total imports 57,000; American 39,000; total stocks 1,254,000; American 1,100,000; total afloat 69,000; American 58,000; sales of the week on speculation 200; sales of the week to exporters 1,400.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Steamship Croatan, McKee, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., April 24, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Melbourne (Br), 170 tons, Matheson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

City of Baltimore, 298 tons, Tawes, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Attivo, 620 tons, Trapani, Jas T Riley & Co.

Bredo (Nor), 495 tons, Ammolsen, J T Riley & Co.

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours. It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation. Castoria contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Avenue, New York City.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford Str., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Best 1897 MODEL BICYCLE.

Your Choice of Any of the Highest Grade $100.00 Bicycles, 1897 Model, Free of Cost by Using Some of Your Spare Moments.

The great strides made by THE NEW YORK TIMES within the last few months form a notable chapter in American journalism. During a period of general business depression THE NEW YORK TIMES has made steady progress, having within six months nearly doubled its circulation. This growth, while indeed gratifying, serves only to stimulate the management to greater efforts. With a view to the introduction of THE NEW YORK TIMES in homes where it is not now received, where the improvement that has been made may not be known, a plan has been devised to reward those who may assist in the work of increasing its circulation by offering to any man, woman, or child any one of the standard high-grade one hundred-dollar Bicycles, 1897 model, if they will secure one hundred (100) new subscribers for THE NEW YORK TIMES each for three months—$3 if delivered by carrier $1.50 if sent by mail. That no effort to increase the circulation of THE NEW YORK TIMES may go unrewarded to those who find they cannot secure more than fifty subscribers for three months each, the choice will be given of any fifty-dollar (retail price) bicycle, American manufacture, and to those who in their efforts fall short of fifty subscribers there will be paid 50 cents in cash for every subscriber less than fifty.

Remember you can have your Choice of any Bicycle of American Manufacture.

THE OFFER IN DETAIL.

Any person desiring to undertake the work of securing 100 subscribers should notify THE NEW YORK TIMES, and full instructions and blanks will be furnished. Under no circumstances will a subscription be accepted as making up the number required of any person who has been a regular reader of THE NEW YORK TIMES since Jan. 1, 1897. All lists will be investigated, and if it is found they include the name of any person who has recently been a regular reader, that subscription *will not be accepted* to make up the list of 100.

It is distinctly understood that all lists of names are *subject to verification.* All copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES ordered under this plan must be delivered where THE TIMES has not heretofore been received. *The offer is* intended solely for new subscriptions, and *orders* from present regular readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES will, under no circumstances, be accepted in making up the required number.

Orders for the delivery of two copies to the same address will not be accepted as two new subscribers. The purpose of THE TIMES is to obtain a wider distribution of its issues in homes where it has not heretofore been delivered.

PLAN OF WORK.

Make up a list of your relatives, friends and acquaintances, only those to whom you are well known. Give their full name and Post Office addresses. When you have the number, write or send to THE NEW YORK TIMES office for that number of letter circulars and subscription blanks. Address and sign the letter circulars inclosing addressed envelope for reply, (THE NEW YORK TIMES will supply them.) Send the signed and addressed letter circulars to THE NEW YORK TIMES, and they will be mailed without cost to you; if you mail them yourself you must affix to each letter a two-cent stamp. By this means you may, without calling in person on your friends, earn your choice of any one-hundred-dollar bicycle.

It is necessary, of course, in order to successfully participate in this work, to have an adequate conception of what kind of a newspaper THE NEW YORK TIMES is. If you are not a reader of THE TIMES, secure a copy, read it carefully, and thus become acquainted with its merits. You will see that THE NEW TIMES is a decent, dignified, enterprising, first-class newspaper. It has always maintained a high standard; it has always stood for what is best in the community; it is not sensational; perpetrates no fakes, and is free of "freaks;" it presents what occurs promptly, fully, and in a manner to interest intelligent men and women. To be seen reading THE NEW YORK TIMES is a stamp of culture and respect ability. The story is told of a young man who, when applying for a situation, and asked for reference by his prospective employer, answered simply, "I read THE NEW YORK TIMES." He was accepted into employment at once on the theory that reading a newspaper of the quality of THE NEW YORK TIMES is a certificate of good character.

A FEW FACTS.

A large part of the population of Greater New York consists of men and women of culture and education who scrupulously exclude from their homes sensational newspapers. They want a pure, wholesome newspaper, which, while progressive and entertaining does not defile its pages by repulsive details of scandals and horrible accounts of crime. There is a growing revolt against these newspapers which pander to the depraved, and which inflame the minds of the weakminded and unthinking by overdrawn tales of vice and immorality. The best men in the community are calling halt on this vicious tendency, and THE NEW YORK TIMES is daily pointed to as an example of what a self-respecting, modern newspaper should be. Secure a copy of the Saturday edition and observe the Supplement, devoted to a review of books and art. Show this to your friends who are readers of the best literature, and they will be interested at once in the attractive contents of this feature. The illustrated Magazine Supplement which accompanies the Sunday edition is a gem of art and literature. It compares favorably with the best ten-cent magazines. A knowledge of these facts will enable you to properly present the merits of THE NEW YORK TIMES to prospective subscribers.

Things worth having are not easily obtained. It requires earnest effort and untiring persistence to secure 100 subscribers and you may find for the first day or two that the effort is not so easy as you may imagine, but perseverance will surely bring success.

If you desire additional information, write to THE TIMES. All questions will be cheerfully answered. This is a rare opportunity to secure your choice of any of the best one-hundred-dollar bicycles. Sample copies of THE TIMES sent free upon application. Address THE NEW YORK TIMES, New York City.

apr 16 tf

FASHIONS CHANGE BUT POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried POZZONI'S you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

21 ly

IVER JOHNSON, $100.
FITCHBURG, - - $75.
ARE HONEST CYCLES.
FOR AGENCY, ADDRESS,
THE TABB & JENKINS HARDWARE CO.,
Southern Agents, Baltimore, Md.
ap 17 1m*

NOT MADE TO ORDER.

"She whom I love must be quite small," I said.
"I like not your tall women—quite petite,
With eyes that must perforce be raised to mine
And small, white hands and little, dancing feet."
But when we met, love, in that hour divine
Your honest eyes looked level into mine.

"She must be gentle—woman's chiefest charm;
Meek and submissive to my lightest frown."
But now my heart is lying at your feet.
Ah, how imperiously you smiled it down!
And I, your willing slave from day to day,
Live but to love, to honor, to obey.

"She must be fair."
But in your rounded cheek
The red and brown do meet in sweetest blend.
The twilight dusk is in your heavy hair,
And long black lashes added beauty lend
To your brown eyes, where darkly written lie
Love's answers in love's shy obscurity.
—Pearson's Weekly.

ALLIGATOR SENSE.

They Don't Have Much Before They Are One Hundred Years Old.

"Do you know," said Colonel Ben Cason, leaning back in his chair, "that alligators are the most affectionate creatures on earth? It's a fact. And the sense they have! They've got more sense than a dog. How do I know? Haven't I educated 'em? Ain't there an alligator 110 years old in Des Allemand bayou that would work his tail to the bone for me if I asked him to? Say, you make me tired! What are you laughing at? You get a gallon of molasses and a long necked bottle and I'll show you how to tame alligators. It's the easiest thing on earth. They're so affectionate.

"On June 23, 1885, I went to Des Allemand bayou fishing. A negro named Baptiste Fortier had just caught an alligator 100 years old. I could tell by the rings around him. You can't train a young alligator. That's funny, ain't it? I asked Baptiste to sell him to me. I paid him $4.95, and Jim, that's the alligator's name, was mine. I put a chain around his neck. Then I got me a long necked bottle, filled it with molasses and walked up to him. He opened his jaws to nab me. That was my chance. I shoved the neck of the bottle in his mouth, just back of his ears, where an alligator has no teeth. I tilted the bottle up. Jim tasted the molasses and began wagging his tail. He broke Baptiste's leg, but that was an accident. He was as gentle as a setter dog from the minute he tasted the molasses. I taught him a lot of pretty tricks—how to catch flies, how to stand on his tail, how to chew tobacco. Finally I harnessed him up to a boat. He looked around at me to see what I wanted. I reached over the side of the boat and pushed him a little. Then he understood. Off he went. When I pulled on the rope I had around his neck, he was nonplused for a minute, but he soon caught on, and now when I go to Des Allemand's I never have to hire anybody to paddle my canoe. Jim attends to carrying me anywhere I want to go.

"Say, do you know Jim is as glad to see me whenever I pass that way as if he was a relative of mine. What's that? Of course it's the truth. Ask Baptiste. He takes care of Jim for me while I am in New Orleans."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Moose In New Brunswick.

The future of the moose, oldest and noblest of the game animals on this continent, is a matter that has interested a good many people. Mr. Braithwaite, who has lived among these animals all his life, says there is no danger of their diminution in New Brunswick. They shed their antlers before the snow becomes deep in winter, and the sportsman who endeavors to carry away a hornless moose is always roughly dealt with by the magistrates down in the settlements. The only relentless enemy of the moose is the lumberman, who in the depth of winter can make good use of the meat. But in the region which is the subject of this article there is little lumber, and so there are few lumbermen. The degenerate Indians of the villages seldom trouble themselves to hunt, and the few moose killed by hunters are as nothing compared with the young ones destroyed by the bears. Bruin gets trapped because his coat will average $20 to his captor. There are no wolves in this wilderness, so the prospects for the moose are getting better instead of worse. And if there are thousands of moose, there are tens of thousands of caribou.—Frederick Irland in Scribner's.

The Robin and the Caterpillar.

The robin hops along in the furrow and picks up worms as the farmer plows, which it eats itself or carries to its nest as food for the young robins. The robin prefers smooth coated worms, such as the common earthworm, but if such food is scarce it does not disdain the fuzzy caterpillar. It is an evil day for the caterpillar when a robin strikes it. The robin picks it up and shakes it and shakes it until it shakes the spines out of it—the fur, as the children call the caterpillar's fuzzy coating—leaving the caterpillar bare in patches and sometimes all over and shaken all out of shape. Then the robin eats it or carries it off to feed its young.—New York Sun.

The Newest Envelope.

Opening an envelope by pulling a string is the latest labor saving device. Like all simple contrivances, it seems queer no one thought of it before, but that doesn't impair its usefulness.

Any envelope can be equipped with the opener. An ordinary piece of thread is inserted at the top of the flap, and when the fold is made the thread projects from one end. To open the envelope all that is necessary to do is to pull back the thread.

This envelope opener is a New York invention, and it promises to be very popular with the busy business man.

CRIMINALS AT PLAY.

THE CRUEL WAYS IN WHICH THEY "AMUSE" THEMSELVES.

The Test In All Their Games Is the Ability to Bear Pain—In Italian Prisons Surgeons Are Always In Demand to Patch Up the "Players."

Mario Carara, a disciple of Cesare Lombroso, the Italian expert in criminal anthropology, has made a special study of the sports that criminals engage in. The innocent games of childhood, in the case of criminals, are tinctured with cruelty and sometimes accompanied by homicide.

Criminals skip the rope, but part of the game is to trip up the jumper and let him fall heavily upon the stone pavement.

Criminals play leapfrog, but the object of the game is that he who makes the "back" shall rise suddenly and violently just as the frog mounts and throw him to the ground.

The criminals play blind man's buff, but the man with the bandaged eyes carries a handkerchief bearing in one corner a jagged stone, a piece of hard, sharpened wood or a bit of iron. With this weapon he strikes those whom he pursues.

Another remarkable form of this game is for the blinded one to be struck by one or another of his companions if he fails to name the one that touches him. The penalty is not the innocent one of the children's game, but a blow so severe that a physician has often to be called in after a game is over, and occasionally the sufferer is disabled for some time.

It has been found in those Italian reformatories where prisoners are not kept in solitary confinement that prisoners' games are often accompanied with bloodshed, and that it is almost impossible to prevent cruelties. This is especially true where prisoners work together, for they secrete tools and use them as weapons in brutal sports.

In one of these games the player has in each hand a stick, having fixed in the end a keen metallic point. He interweaves his arms, revolving the sticks with rapidity, and the game is for another prisoner to thrust his head between the arms and endeavor to follow the revolutions of the sticks without being wounded. It usually happens that he receives 15 or 16 wounds and comes out with a bleeding head, while now and then mortal injuries are received.

The victim in another game has his eyes bandaged and places his palm upon a table, with fingers spread fanlike. Another criminal repeatedly strikes between the fingers with a pointed instrument. If he wounds a finger, then the two change places, and woe to the man who refuses the exchange. The game is dangerous, although the criminals assert that the wounds to the fingers are not deep or severe, because, they say, the metallic points are too short and do not penetrate far, a grim form of philosophy.

The sport of criminals is accompanied by characteristic craft. This is especially shown in the methods in which the newcomer is initiated into prison life. The novice is conducted into an improvised court chamber, where the judges are his fellow prisoners. He is placed upon a stand and gravely tried upon a pretended charge, and he has barely been condemned when the stand is suddenly drawn away, so that he is thrown violently upon the earth.

Many games necessarily imply resistance to pain as an absolute condition of success. For example, there is the game of "needles." One of the players places his closed fists upon the table, holding steadily two needles, one in each hand, the points being slightly exposed. It is the game then for a companion to strike with his own fists those of the other and becomes a question of endurance between the one who is pricked with the needles and the one whose fists are beaten by the other's knuckles.

There are contests in which the fingers and hands are deeply wounded, and the scars are an honorable distinction.

The characteristic feature of all these games, which are the recreation exclusively of criminals in prison, is the love of combat. If, as is held by experts, sports are the means of working off the superfluous activity of life, it is evident that superfluous activity, in the case of prisoners, is especially powerful. It has been noted in the case of prisoners that there is a prevalence of great agility and litheness, which Professor Lombroso considers a negative evidence of mental weakness, since it testifies to a greater development of the notorial centers at the expense of the other cerebral centers. But usually this physical energy is not properly used in the ordinary life of the criminal and finds outlet and enjoyment in sports.

Another characteristic of the games of criminals is the admiration shown for physical force, manifested in the docility with which the vanquished in such sports submit to the brutality of the victors, a thing observed among savages.

Finally the insensibility to pain exhibited in sports of criminals proves that such men are less acute in their physical senses as well as less sensitive to the pains of others, since what seems to others uselessly cruel is only the usual thing with criminals. As the drunkard, his taste hardened by alcohol, has need of a stimulant constantly stronger, so in the case of the criminal, the nervous system demands stimulants so strong that to the ordinary steady going individual they would be actually painful.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Waning Custom.

"Do you notice how much the practice of carrying the hands in the pocket has been given up by all classes of men within the last few years?" asked the literary man. "It was never good form, but still you would often see it. I think the newsboys are responsible for the change. Put your hand in your pocket as you stand for an instant on the street some day and see if you don't agree with me. If you are anywhere in the lower or central portion of the city there will be from one to a dozen or more newsboys in sight. Every one of them will notice the motion of your hand in your pocket, and if one is looking in another direction he is attracted by the rush of his fellows, and you are surrounded by a struggling mass of boys, and as many papers as there are urchins are thrust into your face. It is a dangerous thing to put your hand to your pocket unless you are willing to have your progress delayed for a minute or two."—New York Times.

A Woman's Criticism.

The woman who writes became sarcastic in speaking of another woman who not only writes, but who publishes.

"She is very versatile," an admirer had remarked.

"Um—yes. But I think she misapplies her talents."

"In what way?"

"Her cookbook reads like works of fiction, and her works of fiction read like cookbooks."—Washington Star.

Did Not Beam on Him.

"If you chose, you could be the light of my life," said he when they met at the ball.

"Yes!" she said for want of anything better to say.

"Yes. But whenever I call, you are out."—Indianapolis Journal.

TURNING THE TABLES.

Wanted Her Husband's Opinion About Many Trivial Points of Dress.

A certain up town Clevelander is the happy possessor of a marital interest in a very pretty and accomplished lady. She is fond of nice clothes and always looks well dressed, and her husband is just as proud of her as he should be. But from a technical point of view he knows nothing whatever about her garments, and it bothers him greatly when she assumes that he does. She fires broadsides of questions at him whenever she is dressing to accompany him. "George, how does my skirt hang?" "Is it too long in front?" "Does my belt cover the pins?" "Do you think this gown is becoming?" "Is my collar down at the back?" "Are there any wrinkles in this waist?" "Is my hat on straight?" These and a hundred other interrogations are fired at him at short intervals. If he doesn't pay close attention she gets cross. So he pretends to listen carefully, and answers glibly, although always at random.

The other day a neat way of getting even dawned upon him. When he was dressing that night for a party, he suddenly called his wife from the adjoining room.

"Alma," he said, "do you think these new trousers hang just as gracefully as they should?"

"Why, George," she said. "I don't know anything about it. Why do you bother me?"

"Hold on," said George, "I was wondering if this shirt bosom sits quite right?"

"Of course it does," snapped Alma.

"And these shoes—do you really think they are becoming to my complexion?"

"What a silly question."

"And—hold on, Alma—isn't the coat a little long in the tails—on one side, I mean—and can't you pin it up?"

"Why, George, I never heard you talk such nonsense. You haven't been drinking, have you?"

"And—just wait a minute, Alma." He quickly raised his silk hat from the dresser and clapped it on the back of his head. "Now, dear, please pay attention. Is my hat on straight?"

Then she understood his wicked little game.

They walked together in silence until they came within sight of their destination, and the deeply wounded Alma managed to stammer:

"Well, George, you mean old thing, is my hat really and truly on straight?"

Whereat they both laughed.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

No Policy at All.

"Honesty may be the best policy as a general thing," remarked Uncle Allen Sparks, "but if some men that I know of had been perfectly honest in answering the questions on their application blanks for life insurance they would never have got any policy at all."—Chicago Tribune.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years

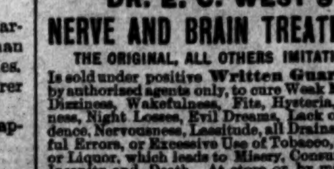
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

AN ACROSTIC.

MOWERS.
URNS.
REAPERS.
CASTINGS.
HINGES.
IRON.
SPIKES.
OVENS.
NAILS.

J. W. Murchison,
Orton Building,
dec 31 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Manhood Restored.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS,

Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorised agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money.





Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness, $1 a box; six for $5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail.

BEFORE AFTER

R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
my D&W ly



BEST with a big B. Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham is in a class by itself. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco

Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Pushing, Push Along, Keep Moving.

Read and see what I am pushing this week. Dry Goods, of course, of every class. Big line of Spring and Summer Dress Goods in Lawns, Challies, Percales, Piques, Dimities, White Goods, Silks, Domestic Goods and Table Linen. Black and all colors in Worsteds.

62 inches wide Bleached Table Linen for 25c per yard.
34 inches wide Shepherd Plaid Suiting for 10c.
36 inches wide Shepherd Plaid Suiting for 12½c.
34 inches wide Scotch Suiting in bright, pretty colors, at 12½c; better quality at 15, 17 and 20c per yard.
Fine all wool Dress Suiting, 36 inches wide, at 25, 35 and 50c.
Beautiful black figured double-fold Brilliantine at 25, 35 and 50c.
Fine single-fold Worsted in pretty colors and black at 10c.
Danish Cloth at 10c.
Rose-Bud Lawn for this week, new goods at 2¾c per yard; 10 yards for 28c, worth 50c.
Big drive in nice, pretty Ginghams for a special sale at 8⅓c per yard.
Fine Shirt Waist Calico at 4c per yard.
All Wool Challie at 9c per yard.
White Lawn from 5 to 25c per yard; best selection in the city.
Other Lawn, pretty different styles to show for 4, 5, 8, 10, 12½c.
Triumphant Percales, very pretty line of colors at 5c.
1 yard Percales, pretty styles at 7½c.
Sea Island Percales in short lengths this week at 10c.
The best White Pique at 10, 20 and 25c.
Colored Piques, in pink, brown, green, blue and tan, the best wash goods made, for 25c per yard. Our special price is 12½c, bought in short lengths from 10 to 20 yards in a piece.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.—We are doing the Clothing business of the city, have the best and largest stock, lowest prices and best styles.

Our Men's Suits run from $1.98 a Suit, good styles, new goods, up to Black Cheviot at $2 87; prettier styles and better goods at 3.25, 4 50, 5.00.

Our line of fine wool Suits are very nobby and good Suits for $5.00. We have 30 styles to show in this quality.

Cassimeres, Cheviots, Middlesex Blue Flannel, plaids and grays, browns, tans, and all fine black Clay Worsted for $5 00.

Our better and fine made up Suits run from $6 00 to 12.50.

You will find us at 112 North Front St., opposite The Orton.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,
apr 18 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

High Grade Fertilizers.

TO INSURE A GOOD CROP OF TOBACCO, COTTON, TRUCK OR SMALL GRAIN, USE ONLY

RELIABLE, HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS,

MANUFACTURED BY

POWERS, GIBBS & CO.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Leading Manufacturers of Fertilizers in the South.

Increased Sales for 1896 Fifty Per Cent.

No expense spared in the Manufacture of Goods. Nothing but First-Class Materials Used

For further information see the bulletins for years past. We lead, others follow.

☞ Correspondence invited. jan 17 tf

Bowden Lithia water

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA

Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, ex-President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water extensively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

W. A. Wakely, M. D., Auburn, N. Y., says: "Have obtained quick and satisfactory results in Chronic Rheumatism and Bright's Disease."

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Postal Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal. For Sale in Any Quantity By

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRINGS CO.,
mar 8 D&W 1y 174 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

The Morning Star.

Oldest Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Reduced Rates of Subscription:

ONE YEAR, BY MAIL	$5 00
SIX MONTHS, BY MAIL	2 50
THREE MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 25
TWO MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 00
ONE MONTH, BY MAIL	50

☞ Delivered, by carriers, to City Subscribers at 45 cents per month. Address

Wm. H. Bernard,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR, WILMINGTON, N. C.

JOB PRINTING.

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

The Star Job Printing Office, Book Bindery and Ruling Rooms Are Complete in Their Appointments.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY AND CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,
Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

Jas. H. Carroway and Henry McLean,

THE EXPERT BARBERS, CAN BE FOUND at No. 11 South Front street, where they will be pleased to serve their friends. First class work guaranteed. Shaving 10 cents. Give us a call.

Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT,
dec 10 tf No. 11 South Front street

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE!

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.
ap 7 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT APRIL 15, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 10.15 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.55 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.25 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.22 p m, Chadbourn 5.04 p m, Marion 6.05 p m, Florence 6.45 p m, Sumter 8.45 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.40 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.06 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 3.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.45 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.53 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.20 a m, Weldon 11.40 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 10.10 a m and 6.30 p m, arrives Washington 11.40 a m and 7.20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4.05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9.42 a m, Rowland 10.00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5.38 p m, arrives Dillon 5.56 p m, Latta 6.09 p m, Pee Dee 6.30 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2.35 p m, Chadbourn 5.20 p m, arrive Hub 6.00 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7.48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.55 a m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, Cheraw 10.40 a m, Wadesboro 2.25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9.35 p m, Bennettsville 9.36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10.10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6.30 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m, leave Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 6.27 p m, arrive Florence 6.55 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 2.50 p m, Smithfield 2.58 p m, Dunn 3.35 p m, Fayetteville 4.15 p m, 1.10 a m, Rowland 5.38 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.30 a m, Creston 5.21 a m, arrive Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.55 p m, Creston 5.47 p m, Sumter 6.40 p m. Daily.

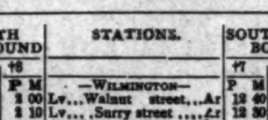
Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. ap 16 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



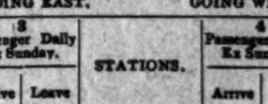
In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6 A M	NORTH BOUND †8 P M	STATIONS. —WILMINGTON—	SOUTH BOUND †7 P M	SOUTH BOUND ‡5 P M
	2 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	3 Leave	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	4 Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 35
6 27	6 42	Morehead City	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.
ma 27 tf

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

jan 21

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS — DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO

ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT March 28, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 14 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 23 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 58 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*8 10pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 13 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	6 55am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 55am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 05am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 25am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 33am
Arrive Ellenboro	....	12 20pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 44pm

*6 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave *5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	6 03pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	7 10pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 58 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 23pm
Leave Hamlet	8 45 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	9 11 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 30 am	....
Leave Lumberton	10 18 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 23pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 11am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 30am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*6 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

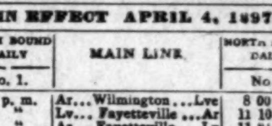
Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen. Agt. P. Dept. 6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
E. St. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.
feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 4, 1897.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No.
7 30 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	8 00 a.
4 12 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	11 10 a. m
3 58 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	11 21 "
3 55 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 27 "
2 40 "	†Lv....Sanford....Lv	1 00 p. m
12 43 "	Lv....Climax....Lv	2 55 "
12 15 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	3 25 "
11 55 a m	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 35 "
11 07 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	4 23 "
10 32 "	Lv..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 55 "
10 04 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 26 "
8 40 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 50 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 30 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 10 a. m
6 18 "	Lv......Maxton......Ar	9 23 "
5 35 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	10 0[illegible] "
4 46 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 52 "
4 25 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	11 16

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 05 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
4 20 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 25 "	Lv...Greensboro...Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40 "

†MEALS.

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

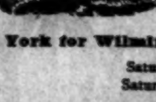
SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
ap 3 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

PAWNEE, Saturday, April 24
CROATAN, Saturday, May 1

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, April 24
PAWNEE, Saturday, May 1

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

PAWNEE, Tuesday, April 27
CROATAN, Tuesday, May 4

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
ap 23 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office.

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1897

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

Considered in the House of Representatives —A Committee Appointed to Attend the Grant Ceremonies in New York.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The House to-day completed the consideration of the Senate amendments to the Indian Appropriation bill and sent the bill to conference. The main contention, as on yesterday, centred about the same proposition to open the Uncompahagre Indian reservation under the mineral land laws. Finally, an amendment was recommended to the effect that no corporation should be allowed to obtain possession of these gilsonite deposits, but that the Government should lease the lands in limited areas and for limited terms of years. The Senate amendment striking from the House bill the provision for the ratification of the oil and gas leases made by the council of the Seneca Indians last December, after a sharp debate, was disagreed to. Mr. Bland, of Missouri, attempted early in the session to secure action on the resolution relative to the Union Pacific railroad mortgages which he tried to offer last week, but the Speaker ruled that the resolution was not privileged.

A resolution was adopted by which a committee of twenty-five, of which the speaker by the terms of the resolution was chairman, was appointed to attend the dedication of the Grant tomb in New York, on Tuesday, and the House agreed to a programme of three days adjournment for next week.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Judge Day, of Ohio, Nominated for Assistant Secretary of State—Storer Minister to Belgium.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—President McKinley has decided to nominate Wm. R. Day, of Canton, O., to be First Assistant Secretary of State, and ex-Representative Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati, O., to be Minister to Belgium.

The selection of Judge Day to be First Assistant Secretary of State overturns the plan of the President to send him to Cuba as special counsel to watch the prosecution of the Ruiz investigation. Whether any one will be appointed to take up the work of special counsel laid down by the Judge cannot be learned, but it is intimated that Consul General Lee is anxious to be relieved of his office and any change there probably would make more pronounced the need of legal assistance in watching the Ruiz case.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played by Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia again defeated New York to-day in a game which had a most exciting finish. Score: Philadelphia 12, New York 7.

Baltimore—It looked like a sure thing for Boston in the first half of to-day's game but good stick-work by the Champions pulled the game out of the fire in the eighth inning. Score: Baltimore 7, Boston 5.

Cincinnati—The Reds again defeated the Colts in an exciting game. Score: Cincinnati 4, Chicago 3.

St. Louis—St. Louis-Pittsburg game postponed on account of wet grounds.

Washington—Again the Brooklyns won by a single run. Washington 7, Brooklyn 8.

Richmond, Va.—Richmond 15, McCabe's 2.

Lexington, Va.—Randolph-Macon 12, Washington & Lee University 11.

GREEK RECRUITS.

Over Five Hundred Will Sail from New York To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Five hundred and sixty-two Greek recruits will sail to-morrow on the French Line steamship La Champagne for Havre. From there they will be transported via Marseiller to the scene of the conflict between their countrymen and the Turks. The recruits come from different cities, as follows: Chicago, 250; Birmingham, 15; Atlanta, 8; Minneapolis, 26; Boston, 25; Lowell, 8; Hartford, 6; Trenton, 6; Baltimore, 6; Indianapolis, 12; about 200 from this city.

ALL HUMORS OF THE BLOOD, from the small pimple to the dreadful scrofula sore, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which thoroughly purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. †

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

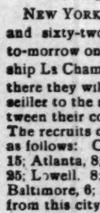
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending April 23:

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	48,071	52,620
Total receipts to this date.....	6,890,120	4,918,803
Exports for the week	129,780	81,846
Total exports to this date.....	5,331,689	3,994,681
Stock in all United States ports.....	530,848	495,919
Stock at all interior towns.....	178,804	236,340
Stock in Liverpool...	1,354,000	1,161,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	58,000	75,000

Jimmy Barry, bantam weight, was given the decision over Jimmy Anthony last night before the National Athletic club, San Francisco, at the end of the 20th round.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

EUROPEAN WAR NEWS.

THE SITUATION IN THESSALY PRACTICALLY UNCHANGED.

Greek Warships Bombarding Turkish Towns —Turkish Supplies Destroyed—Anxiety at Athens—Osman Pasha in Command of the Turkish Army—A Crisis in Affairs at Crete.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ATHENS, April 23.—5 P. M.—After the bombardment of Katrina, on the Gulf of Salonica, when the Greek squadron had put to flight two battalions of Turks and the inhabitants of that place, the Greek fleet landed a detachment and found the Turks had left behind them immense stores of provisions destined for the armies of Edhem Pasha. These valuable stores had been left almost unprotected in the belief by the Turks that a blockade of Greece by the fleets of the Powers would prevent the Greek fleet from attacking the Turkish towns on the Gulf of Salonica which are near the railroad to Salonica and which have been used as points to land stores for the Turkish army and forward them to the front. The capture of these towns, not to mention the loss of the stores, places a serious difficulty in the path of Edhem Pasha, and it is stated here that as soon as the Turkish commander-in-chief heard the news of the capture of Platamona and Katrina, he dispatched 10,000 men towards the coast of Macedonia, fearing a flank attack from the Gulf of Salonica.

The Greek fleet, in returning from the capture of Katrina, bombarded the port of Litchoron.

A dispatch from Larissa, dated yesterday, says that after the Greeks had fortified Mavrychori, to which place they retreated after evacuating Nexeros, they re-occupied Ratnitza and Hegani, which, when abandoned by the Greeks, the Turks failed to occupy.

ATHENS, April 23.—It has been decided to call out several classes of the Landwehr or militia. In Greece all able-bodied males, from twenty-one years of age and upwards, are liable to be called upon for military service. The total service is for nineteen years, of which two years (with considerable terms of leaves of absence) must be passed with the colors; eight and seven years are then passed in the reserve and the remainder of the total term of nineteen years is passed in the militia or Landwehr.

LONDON, April 23.—The Athens correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* says that the Crown Prince Constantine has wired to King George as follows:

"The Turks are quiet to-day, owing to our success yesterday (Thursday). We have destroyed the Turkish battery at Lidgerara. The Turks have retired from Nezeros and Rapsani. The action of our fleet at Katrina was excellent. I was in the first line of fire yesterday."

The *Chronicle's* correspondent says:

"The Turks are greatly dismayed by the destruction of their stores at Katrina and at Litochorion. Commodore Sachtouris destroyed the stores from the coast to the foot of Mount Olympus. Nothing remains, therefore, for Edhem Pasha to carry away but hunger. The coast road being barred, the only remaining road from Salonica is the Varria road, eight days from Elassona. The reports of the injury to the railway line by the blowing up of bridges and a tunnel are confirmed.

"Financially, everything is going well and the value of paper money has risen. It is reported here (Athens) that the Turkish troops will be withdrawn from Crete. Private advices from Volo say that all the villages between Katrina and Varia have risen.

"Among the wounded who have arrived here are several who state that a number of the Greeks wounded at Gritzovali and unable to follow the Greek retreat, were shut up in a small church by the Turks, who set fire to the building and burned them to death."

CORFU, April 23.—The western Greek squadron of warships has suspended the bombardment of Pervesa, the Turkish position north of the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, and left this morning for Sancti Quaranta. On arrival there the war vessels began bombarding the Turkish blockhouse.

LONDON, April 23.—The Greek Charge d'Affairs here has received a dispatch, dated at Athens to-day, giving the exact situation on the Thessalian frontier, from the Greek standpoint. It is as follows:

"In Thessaly, in the direction of Reveni and Boughazi, our forces have penetrated into Turkish territory and have advanced towards Damasi.

"All the attacks of the enemy have been repulsed in the direction of Gritzovali.

"Our army has occupied a strong position at Mati, where there has been fighting since yesterday. The Turkish attacks have been repulsed.

"The Greeks had to retire from Nezeros, falling back on the banks of the Derchi; a strong position, which they are now defending.

"In Epirus our army is advancing and has captured Fort Imaret, Fillipiada and several villages.

"The Greeks have also occupied Salagora, capturing three cannon, a number of guns and a quantity of ammunition and provisions.

"The army is now advancing northward. SKOUZES,

"Minister Foreign Affairs."

LONDON, April 23.—The correspondent of the *Daily News* at Constantinople says: "It is reported that all telegraphic communication with Constantinople is now cut off, except by way of Odessa. I am assured that Izzet Bey has been received again into the favor of the Sultan."

A dispatch to the *Times* from Constantinople says that while Osman Pasha will take supreme command of all the Turkish armies engaged against Greece, Edhem Pasha will remain in active command of the Eastern army, with headquarters in Macedonia.

LONDON, April 23.—A dispatch to the *Standard* from its correspondent at Constantinople says:

"The Russian Government has sharply ordered Bulgaria to keep quiet; yet Bulgaria has given the Porte notice that she will mobilize her troops to-morrow (Saturday) unless the Berats (the warrants for five more Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia) and the appointments of Bulgarian commercial agents at Uskub and Monastir are granted.

LONDON, April 23.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Milouna pass, dated to-day says: "Edem Pasha continues to pursue a cautious policy. His plan seems to be to capture in succession a number of small positions held by the Greeks but to avoid a general engagement. The Turks are making a military road through the pass. The cannonade continues from the Turks who are advancing on the left wing, but in the direction of Tyrnavo matters are quiet, the Turks having taken and occupied the town. Large reinforcements are arriving and the result of the war is beyond doubt. The Turks treat their prisoners with humanity and kindness."

LONDON, April 23.—The Athens correspondent of the *Times* will say to-morrow: Those in authority here regard the situation as highly critical, despite the favorable news from Epirus. Fighting continues at Mati. The Crown Prince Constantine has ordered his troops to maintain a strictly defensive attitude. A portion of the Western squadron has been detached to bombard the Fortress Perga, opposite Pax Island.

LONDON, April 23.—The *Times* correspondent at Canea says that to-day the insurgents are attacking fort Izzideh, which is occupied by the international troops in addition to the Turkish garrison. Three warships have left Suda and are anchored opposite the fort. The admirals have gone to reconnoiter in a torpedo boat. He says that Col. Vassos has written to the admirals to ask whether the Powers are in alliance with Turkey. The object of this inquiry is obvious.

A dispatch to the *Daily News* from Canea says that Col. Vassos has notified the admirals that he has been ordered to attack the Turks. The *Times* correspondent at Canea says it is reported there that Col. Vassos has received this order.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Secretary Sherman has received a brief telegram from Minister Terrell, at Constantinople, under date of yesterday, stating that Osman Pasha, the old hero of the Turkish defence at Plevna, left Constantinople to assume command of the Turkish army in the field. The cablegram is regarded as significant of some change of plans on the part of the Turks.

A dispatch to the Turkish Minister today from Constantinople, says:

"A heavy exchange of shots took place on Wednesday between the division of the Turkish army commanded by Nechad Pasha and the Greek forces without any sensible results. From a demonstration made by the Twenty-first infantry, the Sixth battalion of artillery and the First division of cavalry, Nain Pasha was enabled to take a position in front of the Greek forces who are now concentrated in the plain, face to face with the Ottoman forces in front of Milouna and Scoumbra passes, having with them eight battalions of infantry beside light artillery. A demonstration made by Hawky Pasha enabled him to take a position on the side of Miraly plain with twelve battalions of infantry and with artillery and cavalry. He was thus enabled to cut off the retreat of the Greek forces, who took position at Coskenye. The same demonstration enabled Hamdi Pasha to take the offensive against the Greek forces.

"Naim Pasha's division, without serious resistance from the Greeks, has occupied the village of Caradjakaran and Hamdi Pasha has also all the important and fortified positions at Caradjakaran and Gardic."

INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION

Of Young Men's Christian Associations at Mobile, Alabama—Interesting Exercises.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, ALA., April 23.—At the third day's session of the Y. M. C. A. International Convention a gavel made from a tree growing on the site of Washington's birthplace was presented to the convention by Prof. Ross, of the A. & M. College of Alabama. The Bible study course was then taken up by Rev. Dr. Scofield. He spoke eloquently for an hour on the authority of the Bible.

The work of State committees was discussed in five-minute talks by T. D. Frost, of Minnesota; F. H. Burt, assistant State secretary of Illinois; A. E. Anderson, of Milwaukee; F. G. Marshall, of New Glasgow, N. S.; Fred White, of Boston; James Allen, of Charleston, S. C.; R. F. Reed, of Natchez, Miss.; W. S. Park, of Nashville; E. L. Shuey, of Dayton, O.; and R. R. McBarney, of New York city.

The convention this afternoon heard some excellent papers on the educational work by Mr. Shuey, of Dayton, Ohio, and Chancellor Kirkland, of Vanderbilt University. Miss Price, international secretary, told of her progress in her branch of work. A paper was then read by Rev. J. E. Bowen, D. D., a negro minister of Atlanta, Ga., on the colored work of the association.

At the night session nearly 2,000 people heard an address by College Secretary Jno. R. Mott, on his recent tour among the colleges of the world. Speaking of Armenia, he said that the real reason for the atrocities of Armenia were that they were instigated by the Mohammedan theological students.

SYMPATHY WITH GREECE.

Resolutions Introduced in the House and Referred to Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Representative Maguire, of California, today introduced a resolution in the House declaring that the war between Turkey and Greece was a war between Moslem and Christian civilizations and directing that the sympathy of the United States be extended to Greece with the hope that her struggle may be successful. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, but as that committee is not appointed no action will be taken at present.

WARM WIRELETS.

Physicians who have been examining Pietro Acciarito, who tried to stab King Humbert with a dagger, pronounce the man to be insane.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week are $414,707,208; per cent decrease 55. Exclusive of New York $9,859,845; per cent decrease 6.

A Frankfort, Ky., dispatch last night said that Deboe, Republican, was nominated for United States Senator on the twenty-eighth ballot.

Jimmy Dime, of Amsterdam, N. Y., and Jack Smith, of Norfolk, Va., fought ten stiff rounds to a draw last night before the Manhattan Atheltic Club, at Troy, N. Y.

Samuel Colgate, multi-millionaire, and head of Samuel Colgate and Company, one of the largest soap and perfumery houses in the country, died of heart trouble at his home in Orange N. J., yesterday.

The directors of the Baltimore and Ohio railray have decided to pass the semi-annal dividend on the Washington branch of the system because of heavy expenditures in the way of improvements to road bed and rolling stock.

John H. Rapp, a wholesale dealer, Chicago, was shot and killed by his former secretary and confidential clerk, J. W. Braunschweig, who afterward put the revolver to his own temple and killed himself. Braunschweig was charged with embezzlement.

The spring remedy that is better than all others is

Paine's Celery Compound

Thousands have been *cured* by it. Physicians use and recommend it.

We Recommend It.

We have it.
Try a bottle.

For sale at ROBERT R. BELLAMY'S, Northwest Cor. Front and Market Sts. mar 18 tf

MISSISSIPPI OVERFLOW

GRAVEST APPREHENSIONS OF FURTHER FLOOD DAMAGE.

The Finest Plantations in Southern Louisiana Inundated—Waters Spreading Over a Vast Area—Situation North of Memphis Greatly Improved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, April 23.—No new crevasses have appeared in the levees today, but the current of the river is still beating against the southern embankments with a fury that causes the gravest apprehension. The break at Delta has inundated 75,000 acres of the finest plantations in Southern Louisiana and the water continues to pour through the opening and is rapidly spreading over a greater area. Reports from Greenville are not encouraging. While the water is slowly receding in the overflowed district of the Yazoo delta, yet it is almost certain that the planting of this year's crop will be thirty days late.

The situation north of Memphis and in Arkansas has greatly improved. Captain Davis, the general purchasing officer here, will send out two boats loaded with provisions to morrow, one going north and the other to the St. Francis river country. Captain Davis states that this will be the last government shipment to these districts, unless some new emergency arises. Many people are returning to their farms in Arkansas, and the work of planting will begin shorly.

From Cairo, Ills., a most encouraging report comes. It is to the effect that the river there fell several tenths of a foot since the last bulletin was issued and will continue to fall at that rate for some days to come.

At Vicksburg and New Orleans there are no changes the river remaining stationary. At all other points from which bulletins are issued a decline is reported varying from one-tenth to eight-tenths of a foot. The Missouri river at Kansas City and at Omaha fell three-tenths of a foot. The rivers at Nashville and Chattanooga also registered a fall. In fact, no rise was reported at any point covered by the weather bureau in its official bulletin.

NATCHEZ, MISS., April 23.—The river is unchanged here, but many people are becoming gloomy again over the threatened outlook for rain and wind to-night. The levees are being soaked and are now seeping.

VICKSBURG, Miss., April 23.—An alarming condition of Hardscrabble levee, reported from Natchez to-night, occasions much anxiety for the front of Tensas parish which is alone exempt from overflow by the Biggs crevasse. If this levee gives way it will complete the inundation of the Fifth Louisiana levee district, except East Carroll parish, whose levees are also very soft, and a small portion of Madison.

There is every reason to believe there is much suffering in the interior, where many negroes and whites of small means or none at all are surrounded by many miles of water. Camp Warren, where the sufferers in this city have assembled from both this State and Louisiana, had its first tents pitched to-day and will receive a thousand or more guests to-morrow.

Balloting for United States Senator in the Florida Legislature resulted as follows: Call, 33; Chipley, 24; Raney, 17; Hocker, 11; Burford, 5; Darby, 1; Broome, 1; Wolfle, 1. Total vote 93. Chipley gained two and Call one over the last ballot.

A small tornado passed over a part of Wabausee county, Kansas. Henry Miller's 8-year-old son was killed, while Miller and his wife were painfully hurt.

Bicetre.

The very name of Bicetre—dungeon, madhouse and cloaca of obscene infamies—became of dreadful import; not the Conciergerie, the Chatelet, Fort-l'Eveque, Vincennes nor the Bastille itself inspired the common people and the bourgeoisie with such detestation and panic fear. The general imagination, outvying rumor, peopled it with imps, evil genii, sorcerers and shapeless monsters, compounded of men and beasts. Mediæval Paris, at a loss for the origins of things, ascribed them to the fairies, the devil or Julius Cæsar.

It was said that the devil alighted in Paris one night and brought in chains to the "plateau de Bicetre" a pauper, a madman and a prisoner, with which three unfortunates he set agoing the prison on the one side and the asylum on the other to minister to the menus plaisirs of the denizens of hell. Such grim renown as this was not easily surpassed, but at the end of Louis XIV's reign the common legend went a step farther and said that the devil had now disowned Bicetre. Rhymes sincere or satirical gave utterance to the terror and abhorrence of the vulgar mind.—Temple Bar.

Hopeless.

The young man who was sitting straight up on his wheel drew alongside a man who was riding with a hump on his back.

"Roads are fine this morning," he observed.

"I've seen better," briefly answered the other.

"Of course. But I mean they are good considering that it rained day before yesterday."

"H'mph!"

"Ever try one of these pneumatic saddles?"

"One of whose pneumatic saddles?"

"Anybody's."

"No."

"What do you think is the proper gear for a 22 pound roadster machine?"

"Haven't any idea."

"That's a mighty fine wheel you're riding, anyhow."

"On the contrary, it's the poorest machine I ever saw. I'm going to trade it off and get a better one."

The young man gave it up and fell back.—Chicago Tribune.

A Mild Request.

Fair patient—Is there no way of telling exactly what is the matter with me?

Dr. Emdee—Only a post mortem examination would reveal that.

Fair Patient—Then, for heaven's sake, make one. I don't see why I should be squeamish at such a time as this.—Pick Me Up.

Silk dresses rustle much more loudly in dry weather, because they are almost devoid of moisture and the friction between their folds is considerable and noisy. When rain is impending, the silks absorb a portion of the moisture and become almost silent.

"To haul over the coals" recalls the former legal custom of trial by fire, the accused walking barefoot over a bed of glowing coals, and his innocence or guilt was deduced from the condition of his feet after a certain number of days elapsed.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Best Spring Remedy in the World---It Makes People Well.



There is one true specific for diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth college first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

"STONE OF SCONE."

The Enterprising Schoolboy Who Slept In the Coronation Chair.

It is a long walk from the dining room of the Westminster school to the coronation chair, which stands behind the old stone screen just back of the altar in the abbey, but there is an interesting conection between the two. This chair, as is well known, is a rude, heavy oak chair, much worn by time. It contains the "Stone of Scone" and was made by the order of Edward I in 1297, and every English sovereign since then has sat in it to be crowned.

A stout railing in front of the chair restrains the crowd of visitors from coming near, but if they were allowed to examine it as closely as I was fortunate enough to do they would find cut boldly into the solid oak seat in such sprawling letters as the schoolboy's knife makes upon his desk, "P. Abbott slept in this chair Jan. 4, 1801." P. Abbott, it seems, was a Westminster schoolboy, and a tradition, which there is every reason to believe is true, tells that he made a wager with a schoolmate that he dare stay in the abbey all night alone.

In order to win his wager he hid in some corner of the old building until the doors were locked for the night and thus was left alone there. Fearing, however, that when morning came the boy with whom he had made the bet would disbelieve his statement that he had won it, he determined to have some proof of the fact, and so spent the hours of the early morning in carving on the coronation chair the sentence which, even now, nearly a century after, bears witness for him. It is disappointing that the tradition does not record just what form and amount of punishment was visited upon the lad for his escapade, and that history does not tell us of his later years. I wonder whether the courage and grit which this deed manifested foretold an energetic, successful life or was dissipated in mere bravado.—Max Bennett Thrasher in St. Nicholas.

The tailor bird takes its name from its habit of sewing together two leaves in order to make a pocket, in which it places its nest. Its thread is a vegetable fiber, though it will in preference use a string, thread or cord if such can be found.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Bargains in Mattings and Rugs, also big drive in Table Linens and Towels this week at No. 18 Market street. 10-4 Sheeting still goes at 11½c. J. J. Shepard. apr 18 tf

Now is the time for "Ice Cream." Visit Andrew Mavronichol's Ice Cream Parlor No. 705 North Fourth street, and get the best Cream at the lowest prices. Bell Phone 346. ap 17 tf

Your Country Produce send it to me. Seven years experience. Beef Cattle, Mutton, and Milch Cows a specialty. M. C. Benson, No 5 South Water street. ap 10 tf

500 Potted Roses, fine varieties, 10 cents each. $1.00 per dozen without Pots. Tuberose Bulbs 30 cts per dozen. Handle and ship all kinds of vegetables in season. W. J. Kirkham, 104 South Front street. ap 9 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 99. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

For Sale Low

50 Barrels MOLASSES,
100 Barrels MULLETS,
50 Bags COFFEE,
200 Boxes TOBACCO,
all grades.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
mar 28 tf 13 Barket St.

Cream Cheese.

25 New Cheese.
25 Boxes Liquid Blueing.
50 Boxes Mason Blacking.
40 Dozen Brooms.
90 Bundles Butter Dishes.
75 Boxes Carter's Ink.
10 Barrels Mott's Cider.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
apr 18 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C.

Hamme, The Hatter,

FOR LATEST STYLES AND LOWEST Prices in Spring Hats and Caps. Nice line of Umbrellas.
apr 11 tf 36 North Front street.

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Loans on improved city real estate. [sep 6 tf

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. H. Kinsey, Maxton.
G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington,
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
je 1m

Big Reduction

—IN—

Toilet SOAPS

THIS WEEK.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.
ap 20 tf

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 13. TELEPHONE NO. 13

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.50.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
ap 10 DAW tf

For All Kinds of

Tan, Pimples, Sunburn, Roughness,

—USE—

PYXIS TO LET CREAM.

25 cents at most Druggists.
de 16 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. J. W. TOOMER, Cashier

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Paid in Capital $125,000.

Surplus and Individual Profits $65,500.

Promptness! Accuracy! Safety!

Liberal loans made at lowest rates on approved security. We have always made a specialty of supplying, without postponement, all customers desiring to borrow on good security.

Your Accounts Solicited.

DIRECTORS:—J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer, D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth, S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers, Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers, W. C. Coker, P. L. Bridgers, G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C. ap 24 tf

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

Foreign and Domestic DRESS FABRICS.

Worsteds, Woollens, Serges, Mohairs, Sicilians, Velvets, Cordurops, Cravenettes.

Hosiery.

Underwear.

Ladies', Men's and Children's

Kid Gloves.

Upholstery.

Parasols.

United Brand TRADE MARK.



Shirt Waists

EMBROIDERIES.

Inoia Linens, Victoria Lawns, Plain and Check Nainsooks, Long Cloth, Soft Mulls, Tarlatans, Organdies, Dotted Swiss, Fancy Cotton Nottingham Laces. Oriental and Plauen Laces. French and English Valenciennes Laces. Calais' Silk Laces. Ladies' Neckwear Novelties. Buttons, Buckles, Belts and Belting.

Notions.

Draperies, Corsets, New Percales, Mattings, Carpets and Rugs, Oil Cloths and Shades. ap 18 tf

SHIRT WAIST TRADE WINNERS.

We would like to say money-makers, but these Waists are not priced that way. We have marked them to make more friends than money. We are after the Shirt Waist trade of this city. We make one bid for it with low prices and exclusive styles. No prices so low, no Waists so stylish, no variety so large, as ours.

Wrappers, Wrappers.

Heavy quality Percale, Lawn, Cambric and Dimity Wrappers in a variety of styles, all beautifully made and trimmed, regular value from $1.50 to $5.00 each. This sale from 73c to $2.75 each.

Special Sale of Gauze and Muslin Underwear and Corsets.

Ladies' Muslin Drawers from 19 cents up.
Ladies' Night Gowns from 41 cents up.
Ladies' Corset Covers from 13 cents up.
Ladies' Gauze Vests from 05 cents up.
Corsets, Corsets from 19 cents up.

Special Sale in Millinery at

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

ap 17 tf 118 MARKET STREET.

Slippers, Slippers.

Large Stock. Latest Styles.

Ladies' Black and Chocolate Oxfords.

Gents' Russia Calf Bals. Misses and Children's Oxfords and Slippers.

New Stock. Lowest prices. Give us a call.

EXCELSIOR SHOE STORE,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

ap 21 tf

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the cause of Frank H. Blodgett, who sues in behalf of himself and all other creditors against the Union Construction Company, the undersigned receiver will expose for sale to the highest bidder at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Southport, N. C., on Saturday, the 15th of May, 1897, at 12 M., the following described property: All the right, title and interest of the Union Construction Company in and to the franchises, roadbed, rights of way, sequedocts, culverts, bridges and other appurtenances of the Carolina, Tennessee and Ohio Railway Company, as the same is now surveyed, profiled, graded and constructed, from the point where the same connects with the W., C. & A. Railway near Smarts' Bluff, Brunswick county, to the city of Southport; and also all the interest of said Construction Company in and to 400 coupon bonds of the sum of $1,000 each, secured by deed of trust made by the Carolina, Tennessee and Ohio Railway Company to the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, said deed being duly registered in said Brunswick county.

apr 13 5t J. T. ADAMS, Receiver.

Spanish Peanuts for Seed.

500 BUSHELS SPANISH PEANUTS (FOR Seed), 300 bushels Field Peas, 300 bags Meal, 150,000 pounds Hoop Iron, 400 barrels Molasses, 1,000 bushels Mixed Oats, 1,000 kegs Nails, 500 boxes Tobacco, (some fine bargains), and quantities of other goods, such as Canned Goods, Snuffs, Cigars, Cheroots, Cigarettes, Shot, Powder, Caps, Lye, Soap and complete line of standard drugs. Ask for sample and prices before buying.

D. L. GORE.

120, 122 & 124 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. ap 18 tf

CUT PRICES AT

Mercer & Evan's.



Our EASTER SHOES are going rapidly. Come early and get best selections. Take a look in our Window in passing. We shall be glad to see you come in.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. ap 4 tf